Gazetteer of German-language Antarctic place-names, Third Edition, Version 3.1 (no printed publication, digital data only) – Complete revision of the Second Edition according to the specifications of the SCAR Composite Gazetteer of Antarctica (CGA), with contributions by Karsten Brunk, Rosbach v.d. Höhe, compiled and arranged by Jörn Sievers, Neu-Isenburg, on behalf of Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN), Frankfurt am Main, 2021-JUN-08

BKG-Nr.	Place name	BKG-Quelle	Feature type	Latitude	Longitude	Alti-tude	Date approved	Country
482	Acapulcofelsen	27, 30, 31	Cliff	-70,5500000	164,0333333	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
499	Adlerwand	28, 30, 31	Bluff	-73,2500000	167,1833333	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
515	Aklestadberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8166667	166,3000000	2450	1985-APR-19	Germany
5	Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge	25	Range	-71,6666667	11,5000000	2895	1952-JUL-12	Germany
33	Altar	25	Mountain	-71,6500000	11,3833333	2200	1952-JUL-12	Germany
35	Am Überlauf	25	Pass	-71,5500000	11,6166667	1700	1952-JUL-12	Germany
92	Amelangplatte	25	Mountain	-74,0833333	-5,6666667	2430	1952-JUL-12	Germany
540	Ampfererberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8000000	167,3166667	3080	1985-APR-19	Germany
481	Andalusitgrat	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,5500000	160,1666667	2100	1985-APR-19	Germany
548	Armbrustspitze	28, 30, 31	Peak	-73,4166667	166,9333333	1290	1985-APR-19	Germany
678	Atka-Eiskuppel	46, 50, 51	Ice rise	-70,7000000	-7,8333333	83	1990-APR-02	Germany

BKG-Nr	Comments
482	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
499	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
515	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
5	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Encl.: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000, 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Encl.: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
33	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
35	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland. Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
92	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
540	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
481	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
548	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
678	Published on Maps of Ice Shelf Kinematics at 1:500.000 scale, Ekstömisen SR 29-30/SW, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1989; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1990-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

BKG-Nr	Named for	Narrative
482	Cliff looking similar to the famous cliff of Acapulco.	Cliff at Rieckvorgebirge where Hessengletscher and George Glacier are confluencing with Lillie Glacier Tongue, SE of Cape Williams, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
499	Helicopter pilot Endel Sutt during Ganovex III, nicknamed "Antarctic Eagle" (Antarktis-Adler), who several times landed on the cliffs of the bluff.	Bluff at the confluence of Meander Glacier with Mariner Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
515	Magnar Aklestad, Captain of the expedition vessel "Polar Queen" during expedition Ganovex III.	A peak of Lawrence Peaks, E of Wenzelberg, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
5	Alexander von Humboldt (1769-1859), German geographer and pioneer of earth-magnetic research in Polar regions.	The W part (Norwegian name Humboldtfjella) of Wohlthatmassiv, E of Dallmannberge and of the glacier Somoveken, comprising Nordwestinsel, In der Schüssel (Norwegian name Grautfatet), Lose Platte, Altar, Eidshaugane, Kvamsbrotet, Flånuten, Skeidsnutane, Medåsen, and Havdenuten, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
33	Mountain looking similar to an altar.	A mountain (Norwegian name Altaret) lying in Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
35	Überlauf = overflow, glaciated outlet NE of the glacier basin "In der Schüssel" (Norwegian name Grautfatet).	Glaciated pass (Norwegian name Grautrenna) N of the glacier basin "In der Schüssel", Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
92	Herbert Amelang, officer on the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	Group of mountains (Norwegian name Urfjell), located at the SW end of Kirwanveggen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
540	Otto Ampferer (1875-1947), Austrian geologist, Director of the Austrian Geological Survey.	Mountain at the NE rim of Malta Plateau, NW of Mount Burr, N of the accumulation zone of Hand Glacier, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
481	First place of finding andalusite in that region.	Ridge NW of Thompson Spur and opposite Kleinschmidtklippen, Daniels Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
548	A peak shaped like a crossbow.	W end of the ENE-WSW striking branch of the ridge Kreuzkamm, facing Dessent Ridge and Browngletscher, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
678	Atka, name of an US icebreaker that inspected the bay in 1951 and named it "Atka Iceport".	A small dome-shaped ice rise forming the S border of Atka Iceport (Norwegian name Atkabukta; German used name Atkabucht); 15 km ESE of the German Research Station "Georg von Neumayer I" (inaugurated in 1981, deconstructed and replaced by Neumayer-Station II in 1993) and 10 km E of "Neumayer-Station III" (inaugurated in 2009), Ekströmisen, Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during German expedition "Antarktis IV"1985/86.

480	Autobahnmoräne	27, 30, 31	Moraine	-71,3666667	162,4666667	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
713	Ayekliff	106, 107, 108, 109, 110	Cliff	-64,4000000	-58,1333333	200	2005-JUN-02	Germany
497	Ballgletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,8666667	162,9333333	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
479	Ballrücken	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,1000000	162,4833333	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
72	Barkleyberge	25	Mountain	-72,3833333	1,0000000	2830	1952-JUL-12	Germany
557	Basaltbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
11	Bastei	25	Mountain	-71,3666667	13,5333333	2460	1952-JUL-12	Germany
478	Bayerngletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,0000000	165,3000000	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
666	Berge der Deutsch-Sowjetischen Freundschaft	36, 41, 43	Nunatak	-67,9833333	47,3666667	1300	1989-MAR-28	GDR
707	Bergnunatak West	92, 93, 97	Nunatak	-69,1333333	155,7000000	470	1999-JUN-18	Germany
706	Bergnunatakker Ost	92, 93, 97	Nunatak	-69,2500000	156,3333333	490	1999-JUN-18	Germany
633	Berlindom	33, 41, 43, 73	Dome	-73,5666667	164,3000000	3080	1989-MAR-28	Germany
558	Berlininseln	30, 31, 32	Islands	-62,1500000	-58,9500000		1985-APR-19	Germany
100	Bertrabnunatakker	6, 30, 31	Nunatak	-77,8666667	-34,6333333	300	1985-APR-19	Germany

480	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
713	Applied for name approval on 2000-FEB-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 2004-MAR-23; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
497	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
479	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
72	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
557	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
11	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
478	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
666	Published by Dreßler, K. & Brunner, H.: Die "Berge der Deutsch-Sowjetischen-Freundschaft" im Enderby-Land (Antarktika), Petermanns Geogr. Mitt., Gotha, Leipzig 121 (1977) 1, p. 71-78. A letter (dated 1985-JUN-26) addressed to Alfred-Wegener-Institut providing the name for transfer into the Database of German-language Antarctic place names. Factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR on 1989-MAR-28.
707	Applied for name approval on (1997-NOV-07)/1998-OCT-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1998-OCT-20; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
706	Applied for name approval on (1997-NOV-07)/1998-OCT-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1998-OCT-20; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
633	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
558	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
100	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; - Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt a. M.

480	A double moraine onRennick Glacier looking like the road marking on a highway ("Autobahn").	A double moraine on Rennick Glacier formed at the confluence of Sledgers Glacier with Carryer Glacier, between Litell Rocks (on the left side) and Mount Gow (on the right side), Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
713	Heinz Aye, *1936, captain of Hapag-Lloyd Cruising Company, who cruised about 100 times to the Antarctic.	The prominent ice-free cliff is situated on the SW tip of James Ross Island. It forms the western boundary of Carlsson Bay into which the Tait Glacier flows; neighbouring capes and points are: Cape Broms, Nygren Point, Cape Foster. Named during a circumnavigation of James Ross Island by cruise ship M.S. "Bremen" on 2000-JAN-29/30, E side of the Antarctic Peninsula.
497	Garry Ball (1953-1993), New Zealand mountain guide during three Ganovex expeditions.	Tributary glacier of Astrakhon Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
479	Garry Ball (1953-1993), New Zealand mountain guide during three Ganovex expeditions.	Ridge between the NNW heading ranges of Mount Soza and Jordanrücken (English name Adams Ridge), at the right side of Rennick Glacier, Explorers Range, Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
72	Erich Barkley (1912-1945), biologist of the expedition.	Mountains located in H.U.Sverdrupfjella comprising the mountain ranges Isingen and Kvitkjölen, SW of the mountain ranges of Paulsenberge and NE of Herrmannberge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
557	Deposit of basaltic rocks.	Creek flowing into Bothy Bay, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
11	Bastei, name of a famous mountain located in Elbsandsteingebirge, Saxony, Germany.	A prominent buttress-type mountain SE of the lake Untersee, Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
478	Bayern (Bavaria), Federal State (Land) of Germany.	Tributary to Ebbe Glacier, lying at the SE extremity of Glückaufkette, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
666	"Mountains of the German-Soviet Friendship".	A group of nunataks and a nunatak ridge 1000 m apart, projecting about 10 to 20 m above the snow surface, 60 km SSE of Tange Promontory, 20 km W of Nye Mountains, Hays Glacier in the NW and Rayner Glacier in the NE, Enderby Land, East Antarctica. Named during the 17th Soviet Antractic Expedition 1971/72 with participation of GDR scientists.
707	Named "Berg-" due to the close vicinity to Berg Mountains.	Three outcrops which belong to a flat topped nunatak; 12 km WNW of Berg Mountains, George V Coast. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
706	Named "Berg-" due to the close vicinity to Berg Mountains.	Two nunataks 5 km SSE of Berg Mountains, George V Coast. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
633	Berlin, 1871-1945 Capital of the German Reich; Capital of the Federal Republic of Germany since 1990, seat of the government since 1999.	A dome-shaped mountain W of Aviator Glacier, central Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
558	Berlin, 1871-1945 Capital of the German Reich; Capital of the Federal Republic of Germany since 1990, seat of the government since 1999.	Two islands at the NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
100	Hermann Karl von Bertrab (1857-1940), Chief of the Prussian Land Survey (1904-1911); chairman of the association "Deutsche Antarktische Expedition".	Two nunataks, one located in close vicinity to the Argentine station Belgrano II, the other 4 km apart in NW direction, seperated by the glacier Penckgletscher, Herzog-Ernst-Bucht, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land. First ice-free "land in sight" during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.

477	BGR-Firnfeld	27, 30, 31	Névé	-71,3833333	163,5000000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
559	Biologenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-59,0000000		1985-APR-19	Germany
560	Biologenbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,2000000	-59,0000000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
119	Bismarckstraße	11, 12	Strait	-64,8500000	-63,9666667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
488	Blohmhügel	28, 30, 31	Height	-70,3500000	161,0833333	300	1985-APR-19	Germany
88	Bludauberge	25	Mountains	-73,4166667	-3,5000000	2534	1952-JUL-12	Germany
486	Böllerberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,5000000	162,1333333	850	1985-APR-19	Germany
475	Bonner Joch	27, 30, 31	Pass	-71,4666667	163,6166667	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany
128	Boothinsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-65,0833333	-64,0166667	500	1985-APR-19	Germany
79	Boreas	25	Nunatak	-71,3000000	-3,9500000	220	1952-JUL-12	Germany
634	Bosumschneefeld	33, 41, 43, 73	Snowfield	-73,8500000	163,7000000	3000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
510	Brandalberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8500000	166,3500000	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany
714	Bremeninsel	106 -109	Island	-64,3216667	-62,9350000	50	2004-JUN-11	Germany

477	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
559	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
560	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
119	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
488	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
88	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
486	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
475	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
128	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
79	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
634	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
510	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
714	Applied for name approval on 2003-FEB-03; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 2004-MAR-23; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

477	BGR (Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe/Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources), Hannover, Germany, organizer of several German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expeditions ("Ganovex").	The accumulation zone of Graveson Glacier, W of the ridge Tom-Wright-Rücken, S foothills of Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
559	Biologe = biologist.	Creek, S of the airfield, flowing into Biologenbucht, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
560	Biologe = biologist.	Cove, S of the airfield, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
119	Otto von Bismarck (1815-1898), German Reich Chancellor (1871-1890).	Strait south of Anvers Island, Palmer Archipelago, Graham Land, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
488	Ebe-Carsten Blohm, German geophysisist during Ganovex II.	A height on the NE-most peninsula (terminating in Thompson Point) of Kavrayskiy Hills, bordering the tongue of Rennick Glacier, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
88	Josef Bludau, doctor of the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	Mountains in Kirwanveggen, comprising Hallgrenskarvet and Heksegryta, NE of Kleinschmidtgipfel and SW of Neumayersteilwand, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
486	Sharp report of cracking ice like a firecracker ("Böller") at that mountain on New Year's Eve 1982/83.	Mountain in an aligned group of mountains between Mount Belolikov and Silversterberg, seperating Gannutz Glacier from Rennick Glacier, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
475	Bonn, Capital of the Federal Republic of Germany (1949-1990) and seat of the government until 1999.	A passage from the névé BGR-Firnfeld to Leap Year Glacier, S end of the ridge Tom-Wright-Rücken and Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
128	Presumably named after Oskar and/or Stanley Booth, members of the Hamburg Geographic Society.	Largest island of Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln (Wilhelm Archipelago), about 10 km SW of Cape Renard, Graham Land, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
79	Boreas, name of one of two expedition's flying boats (the other: "Passat"), type Dornier Wal (10t).	Boreas, the W nunatak of two adjacent nunataks (the other: "Passat"), Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
634	Wilhelm Bosum, German geophysisist, principal investigator of aero-magnetic surveys during Ganovex IV.	Tributary snowfield of Recoil Glacier, W end of Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
510	Ottar and Peter Brandal, officers on expedition vessel "Polar Queen".	Mountain of the Lawrence Peaks, NW of Kotheberg, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
714	Cruise ship M.S. "Bremen".	The island is ca 1 km by 1 km large and ice-covered by 95%. It belongs to the group of Melchior Islands, Danco Coast, Palmer Archipelago, on the W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. On older maps (Arg. 1957/UK Hydr. Office 1986/BAS 1974) it is represented as a part of Omega Island. The existence of a channel between the two islands was detected during a cruise of the MS "Bremen" by a zodiac excursion on 2003-FEB-02.

715	Bremenkanal	106 -109	Channel	-64,3216667	-62,9433333	0	2004-JUN-11	Germany
474	Bremer Pass	27, 30, 31	Pass	-71,0333333	165,6333333	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
506	Browngletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-73,4333333	166,7333333	700	1985-APR-19	Germany
667	Bubnoffnunatakker	36, 41, 43	Nunatak	-80,7166667	-23,7666667	1300	1989-MAR-28	GDR
473	Buckinghamspitze	27, 30, 31	Nunatak	-70,8000000	163,5166667	658	1985-APR-19	Germany
53	Buddenbrockkette	25	Range	-71,8666667	5,4166667	2725	1952-JUL-12	Germany
561	Büdelberg	30, 31, 32	Hill	-62,2000000	-59,0000000	131	1985-APR-19	Germany
524	Bührenberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,5333333	161,7500000	1925	1985-APR-19	Germany
62	Bundermannketten	25	Range	-72,0000000	4,5000000	2695	1952-JUL-12	Germany
682	Bungenstockrücken	57, 62, 63	Dome	-81,5000000	-69,0000000	450	1992-SEP-22	Germany
471	Burgruine	27, 30, 31	Cliff	-71,3000000	164,7500000	1050	1985-APR-19	Germany
137	Castorinsel	12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1666667	-59,9166667	100	1985-APR-19	Germany
495	Cendrikhügel	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,8666667	162,8166667	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany
133	Christensenvulkan	12, 30, 31	Nunatak	-65,1000000	-59,5166667	250	1985-APR-19	Germany

715	Applied for name approval on 2003-FEB-03; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 2004-MAR-23; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
474	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
506	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
667	Published by Paech, H.-J. : Neubenennung einer Nunatak-Gruppe im Shackleton Range, Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften (Journal for the Geological Sciences), 7 (1979), 1, p. 9. A letter (dated 1985-JUN-26) addressed to Alfred-Wegener-Institut providing the name for transfer into the Database of German-language Antarctic place names. Factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR on 1989-MAR-28.
473	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
53	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
561	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
524	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
62	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
682	Applied for name approval on 1991-JUN-05; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1991-OCT-31; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. Published on Satellite Image Map (with contours) 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main 1992.
471	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
137	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
495	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
133	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

715	Cruise ship M.S. "Bremen".	The channel, ca 1 km in length, seperates Omega Island and the island Bremeninsel. Both islands belong to the group of Melchior Islands, Danco Coast, Palmer Archipelago, located on the W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. On older maps (Arg. 1957/UK Hydr. Office 1986/BAS 1974) Bremeninsel is represented as a part of Omega Island. The existence of a channel between the two islands was detected during a cruise of the MS "Bremen" bya zodiac excursion on 2003-FEB-02.
474	Bremen, Hansestadt Bremen, Federal State (Land) of Germany.	A passage between the mountain chains of Stillekette and Glückaufkette, near Mount Bolt; accumulation zone of Frankengletscher, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
506	Andy Brown, New Zealand mountain guide during Ganovex II and III.	The glacier lies W of "Armbrustspitze" and "Kreuzkamm", E of Dessent Ridge, and is a tributary of Wylde Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
667	Serge von Bubnoff (1888-1957), German geologist, Professor at the University Greifswald and the Humboldt University Berlin.	A group of N-S aligned nunataks W of Mount Wegener, Read Mountains, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Named during a 22 nd Soviet Antarctic Expedition 1976/77 (with participation of GDR scientists) to the Shackleton Range;
473	Alister Buckingham, New Zealand helicopter pilot.	S-most peak of Platypus Ridge, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
53	Friedrich Freiherr von Buddenbrock, Company Director of Atlantic Airline Operations of Deutsche Lufthansa.	Mountain range in Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, flowed round by the glaciers vestre and austre Skorvebreen, comprising Svarthamaren, Breplogen, Cumulusfjellet, and Ristelen, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
561	Julius Büdel (1903-1983), German geographer, Professor at the University of Würzburg, Germany.	A hill located N of Südpassage, S part of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
524	Volker Bühren, expedition doctor during Ganovex III.	Mountain W of Berg Peak and S of El Pulgar, Morozumi Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
62	Max Bundermann, aerial photographer during the expedition.	Mountain range in Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, comprising the nunataks of Skigarden and the ridges of Grytöyrfjellet, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
682	Herwald Bungenstock (1928-1998), Ministerialrat (Undersecretary) in the Federal Ministry of Research and Technology, essential promoter of marine and polar research.	Large inland ice dome at the grounding line of Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis, seperating the inland ice streams Möllereisstrom in the E and Institute Ice Stream in the W, Weddell Sea, West Antarctica. Feature detected by interpretation of Landsat-4/-5 satellite imagery taken on 1986-FEB-05 and 1986-FEB-15 .
471	Cliff shaped like a ruined castle.	Cliff at the confluence of Horne Glacier and Greenwell Glacier with Lillie Glacier, Everett Range, Concord Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
137	Castor, name of the expedition escort ship.	Island 10 km W of Robertsoninsel, Robbeninseln, Nordenskjöld Coast, E side of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during the expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
495	Cendrik, figure in the novel "Shardik" of Richard Adams.	Mountain N of Mount Hager, Bowers Range, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
133	Christen Christensen (1845-1923), Norwegian shipyard and ship owner as well as the founder and chairman of the world's largest Whaling Company A/S Oceana.	Recorded as a small volcanic island, 3 km N of Robertsoninsel, Robbeninseln, Nordenskjöld Coast, E side of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during the expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.

472	Claydonspitze	27, 30, 31	Peak	-70,8000000	163,3333333	1090	1985-APR-19	Germany
528	Cloosberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-73,8500000	165,3500000	2130	1985-APR-19	Germany
542	Clossbucht	28, 30, 31	Bay	-74,6000000	164,9333333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
687	Conaglenberg	79, 80, 82	Mountain	-70,7000000	162,5833333	1900	1994-MAY-10	Germany
42	Conradgebirge	25	Range	-71,8333333	9,7500000	3053	1952-JUL-12	Germany
470	Conwayhügel	27, 30, 31	Hill	-71,6166667	160,5666667	1470	1985-APR-19	Germany
469	Coppnunatak	27, 30, 31	Nunatak	-71,1000000	161,5833333	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
121	Dallmannbai	11, 12, 30, 31	Bay	-64,3333333	-62,8833333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
41	Dallmannberge	25	Range	-71,8000000	10,5000000	2565	1952-JUL-12	Germany
131	Dallmannstraße	11, 12, 30, 31	Strait	-63,8000000	-60,1666667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
505	Damaskegletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-73,3666667	166,9500000	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
468	Darmstadtpass	27, 30, 31	Pass	-70,9333333	165,3333333	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
562	Deutsche Hütte	30, 31, 32	Building	-62,2166667	-58,9166667		1985-APR-19	GDR
648	Diezberg	33, 41, 43, 73	Mountain	-73,8666667	162,6666667	3440	1989-MAR-28	Germany
429	Diskordanztal	27, 30, 31	Valley	-71,6666667	162,0000000	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany

472	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
528	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
542	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
687	Applied for name approval on (1993-SEP-24) 1994-JAN-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
42	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
470	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
469	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR
121	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with attached maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
41	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
131	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
505	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
468	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
562	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
648	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
429	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

472	Ken Claydon, New Zealand helicopter pilot during the expedition.	Peak W of Platypus Ridge, Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
528	Hans Cloos (1885-1951), German geologist, Professor at the universities of Breslau and Bonn.	Mountain N of Cape Sibbald, Aviator Glacier in the W and Aviator Glacier Tongue in the S, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
542	Hans Closs (1907-1982), German geophysisist.	A branch bay of Terra Nova Bay, Scott Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
687	Kevin Conaglen, mountain guide during the expedition.	Mountain NW of Stanwix Peak, Bowers Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
42	Heinrich Friedrich Conrad (1883-1944), Head of German Marine Meterological Service.	The range (Norwegian name Conradfjella) is located between Kurzegebirge and the glacier Sandeken in the W and the glacier Glopeken and Dallmannberge in the E; the range is covered by broad areas of moraines, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
470	Maurice Conway, New Zealand mountain guide during the expedition.	The E-most peak of Schroeder Spur, Daniels Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
469	Peter A. Copp, New Zealand helicopter mechanist during the expedition.	Nunatak 27 km NE of Lonely One Nunatak, at the confluence of Gressitt Glacier and Rennick Glacier, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
121	Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896), leader of the Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 and captain of the expedition vessel "Grönland".	A bay lying between Brabant Island and Melchior Islands, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
41	Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896), leader of the Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 and captain of the expedition vessel "Grönland".	The range comprises Dallmannfjellet and Småskeidrista, between Conradgebirge and the glacier Glopeken in the W and the glacier Somoveken and Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge in the E, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
131	Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896), leader of the Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 and captain of the expedition vessel "Grönland".	The strait lies between Davis Coast and Trinity Island, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
505	Detlef Damaske, German geophysisist during Ganovex II.	The accumulation zone of the glacier lies in the NE angle of the ridge Kreuzkamm and is a tributary glacier of Meander Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
468	Darmstadt, a town south of Frankfurt am Main, located in Hessen, Germany.	A passage between the mountain chains of Stillekette and Glückaufkette; accumulation zone of Zykov Glacier, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
562	Hut, built on Fildes Peninsula in 1981 by GDR scientists.	Hut at the NE tip of Ardley Island, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
648	Diez, a town located at the river Lahn (right-bank tributary to river Rhein), Hessen, Germany.	Mountain located in Deep Freeze Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
429	A valley with pronounced geological unconformity.	Valley in the central part of Morozumi Range with a passage to Rennick Glacier, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).

508	Disthenwand	28, 30, 31	Cliff	-73,3500000	166,5333333	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
538	Dorngletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7666667	162,7666667	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
547	Drachenschwanzhügel	28, 30, 31	Hills	-73,4833333	167,2500000	620	1985-APR-19	Germany
635	Drei Schwestern	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-73,3166667	161,1000000	2250	1989-MAR-28	Germany
673	Dreschereisfrontkerbe	41, 43, 76	Inlet	-72,8833333	-19,3333333	0	1989-MAR-28	Germany
44	Drygalskiberge	25	Range	-71,8333333	8,2500000	2931	1952-JUL-12	Germany
636	Dumasrücken	33, 41, 43, 73	Ridge	-73,0833333	167,9000000	2600	1989-MAR-28	Germany
467	Duphornhöhe	27, 30, 31	Height	-71,6166667	170,5166667	2083	1985-APR-19	Germany
637	Dürbaumgletscher	33, 41, 43, 73	Glacier	-74,1666667	164,2500000	1000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
36	Eckhörner	25	Mountain	-71,5333333	11,4666667	2223	1952-JUL-12	Germany
500	Eisnebelbucht	28, 30, 31	Cove	-73,4500000	167,4000000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
127	Elisabethinsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-65,0833333	-64,1666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
513	Endelsleiste	28, 30, 31	Cliff	-72,8333333	166,1166667	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
523	Engelberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,6666667	161,9500000	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
466	Explorabucht	27, 30, 31	Cove	-70,7833333	167,3833333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
446	Fäustlingsporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,4833333	163,0333333	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
24	Felsinsel	25, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,4666667	12,1666667	1970	1985-APR-19	Germany

508	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
538	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
547	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
635	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
673	Name published on Satellite Image Map 1:1,000,000 Brunt Ice Shelf SS 25-27, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main 1990; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR
44	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
636	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
467	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
637	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
36	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
500	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
127	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
513	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
523	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
466	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
446	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
24	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

508	Site where disthene (kyanite) crystals were found.	Pulpit shaped cliff of Dessent Ridge facing Meander Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
538	Paul Dorn (1901-1959), German geologist, Professor at the Technical University of Braunschweig.	Glacier S of Lotzegletscher and N of Chugunov Glacier, all three confluencing with Trögergletscher before flowing into Lillie Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
547	Sequence of hills shaped like a dragon's tail.	Hills in Spatulate Range, Mountaineer Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
635	A descriptive name of a group of three nunataks lying close together. Drei Schwestern = three sisters.	Three nunataks in a line heading E-W, between Brien Rocks, Brawn Rocks and Lister Nunataks, Southern cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
673	Heinz-Eberhard Drescher (1944-1983), German marine zoologist, mortally injured in an accident.	Inlet near Vestkapp, Riiser-Larsenisen, Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst, Dronning Maud Land.
44	Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949), German geographer, leader of the German Antarctic Expedition 1901-03.	The range, flowed round by Vinjebreen and Sigynbreen, consists of a N part dominated by the nunataks of Sörensenskjera and Hemmestadskjera, and a S part dominated by the ridges of Fenriskjeften and its prominent mountain Matterhorn (Ulvetanna), Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
636	Bernhard Dumas, German navigation engineer during the expedition.	The ridge is located N of Mariner Glacier, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
467	Klaus Dieter Duphorn (*1934), German glacial geologist, Professor at the University of Kiel.	Trigonometric Station and highest peak of Downshire Cliffs, Adare Peninsula, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
637	Hansjürgen Dürbaum (1928-2011), German geophysisist, leader of Ganovex IV.	Tributary glacier of Campbell Glacier, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
36	Descriptive name (Eck = corner) of the serrated mountains at the northern margin of the basin "In der Schüssel".	Mountain peaks (Norwegian name Hjørnehorna) bordering the glacier basin "In der Schüssel" at its N corner, N part of Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Donning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
500	Ice fog, very frequently occurring weather phenomenon in the cove.	The cove is shaped by Gauntlet Ridge and Spatulate Ridge and filled by the ice of Ridgeway Glacier, Lady Newnes Bay, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
127	The name giver is uncertain.	Island SW of Boothinsel, Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln (Wilhelm Archipelago), Graham Land, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
513	Endel Sutt, helicopter pilot during Ganovex III.	A 5 km long cliff of Lawrence Peaks, located at the left side of Mariner Glacier, NW of Brandalberg, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
523	Stephan Engel, German geologist during Ganovex II and III.	Mountain located in Morozumi Range, in direct vicinity to the valley Diskordanztal, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
466	Named after the German research vessel "Explora".	Cove W of Cape Dayman, Tapsell Foreland, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Named during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
446	Geologically important spur shaped like a mitten (Fäustling).	Spur NE of Mount Moody, facing Sledgers Glacier, Lanterman Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
24	Rocky island.	Two peaks (Hansenhovden and Kåreseten) at the N extremity of Westliche Petermannkette, surrounded by the ice stream Humboldtgraben in the W and by the glacier Svaerthornbreen in the E, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

733	Fensterpass	121, 122, 123	Pass	-71,8118333	8,9720000	2000	2019-JUN-14	Austria
46	Filchnerberge	25	Range	-72,0000000	7,5000000	2985	1952-JUL-12	Germany
680	Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis	38, 46, 50, 51	Ice shelf	-79,0000000	-55,0000000	100	1990-APR-02	Germany
101	Filchnerschelfeis	25	Ice shelf	-79,0000000	-40,0000000	100	1985-APR-19	Germany
465	Fingernagelsporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,5500000	163,1666667	1300	1985-APR-19	Germany
564	Flechtenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2333333	-58,9500000		1985-APR-19	Germany
545	Föhnhalbinsel	28, 30, 31	Peninsula	-74,8500000	163,9666667	246	1985-APR-19	Germany
688	Folkertssee	79, 80, 82	Water body	-80,2666667	-28,7833333	246	1994-MAY-10	Germany
464	Frankengletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,1166667	165,9500000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
544	Frechberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8833333	167,1166667	2900	1985-APR-19	Germany
543	Frickeberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-73,4833333	165,9500000	2520	1985-APR-19	Germany
126	Friedburginsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1333333	-64,2166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
463	Ganovex-Kette	27, 30, 31	Range	-70,9166667	166,2500000	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany

733	Applied for name approval on 2019-FEB-27; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2019-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
46	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
680	Name published on Glaciological Map 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis (30 January to 14 March 1986), Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie (IfAG), Frankfurt am Main, 1987; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1990-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR
101	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Published also in Glaciological Map 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis (30 January to 14 March 1986), Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie (IfAG), Frankfurt am Main, 1987.
465	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
564	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR
545	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
688	Applied for name approval on (1993-SEP-24) 1994-JAN-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
464	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
544	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
543	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
126	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
463	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

733	Named after a bizarre window-like rock formation of a 2 square metres wide opening directly projecting at the pass.	A pass in the centre of Vinten-Johansenegga, Holtedahlfjella, between the mountain peaks Schneeglocke in the S (GPS spot height 2127) and the unnamed peak in the N (Norwegian map spot height 2235 m), Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2019-JAN-05 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called International Queen Maud Land Expedition 2018/19.
46	Wilhelm Filchner (1877-1957), German explorer and leader of the 2nd German Antarctic Expedition 1911/12 where the E part of Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis was discovered.	Mountain range comprising Trollslotet, Kubus, Klevekampen, Klevekåpa, and Johannes-Müller-Kamm, SW-most part of Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
680	Wilhelm Filchner (1877-1957), German explorer and leader of the 2nd German Antarctic Expedition 1911/12 where the E part of Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis was discovered; Finn Rønne (1899-1980) (Americanized name Ronne), US-American engineer of Norwegian origin, discovered the W part of the ice shelf and named it after his wife Edith Ronne.	Second largest ice shelf of Antarctica, divided by the completely ice-covered Berkner Island, consisting of the E part Filchnerschelfeis and the W part Ronne Ice Shelf, Weddell Sea.
101	Wilhelm Filchner (1877-1957), German explorer and leader of the 2nd German Antarctic Expedition 1911/12 where the E part of Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis was discovered.	E part of Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis, bordering Coats Land in the W and Berkner Island in the E; mainly fed by Support Force Glacier, Recovery Glacier, Slessor Glacier and Bailey Ice Stream. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner; initially named "Eisbarriere" or "Barriereeis" or "Weddellbarriere" or "Filchnerbarriere".
465	Geologically important spur shaped like a fingernail.	Spur S of Indexsporn, W of kleiner Sledgersgletscher (MacKinnon Glacier) and W of Reilly Ridge, Lanterman Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
564	Flechten = Lichen.	Creek at the SE end of Fildes Peninsula, flowing into Maxwell Bay, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
545	Katabatic winds (Föhn) blow almost continuously across the peninsula.	Peninsula of Northern Foothills, Terra Nova Bay, Scott Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
688	Ekkehard Folkerts, helicopter pilot during several expeditions.	Small lake near Mount Skidmore, Lagrange Nunataks, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Named during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
464	Franken, an ancient Germanic tribe and the NE region of Bavaria, Germany.	The glacier is a tributary to Ebbe Glacier and bordered by the ranges Stillekette at its left side and Glückaufkette at its right side, Anare Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
544	Fritz Frech 1861-1917), German Alpine geologist, Professor at the University of Breslau.	Mountain of Malta Plateau, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
543	Wolfgang Fricke (1914-1980), German geologist.	Mountain W of Fitzgerald Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
126	Named after a Hamburg patron of the expedition.	Island W of Boothinsel, Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln (Wilhelm Archipelago), Graham Land, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
463	Ganovex, acronym for German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition.	The mountain chain is striking from Anare Pass and Mount Dalmeny in the SE to the Gregory Bluffs in the NW; it is flanked by Holsteingletscher, Schwabengletscher and McMahon Glacier at its left side and Barnett Glacier and Kirkby Glacier at its right side, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).

110	Gaußberg	9, 30, 31	Nunatak	-66,8000000	89,2000000	371	1985-APR-19	Germany
73	Gburekspitzen	25	Peak	-72,1666667	-0,1666667	2083	1952-JUL-12	Germany
476	Geburtstagsrücken	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-70,8000000	167,0000000	600	1985-APR-19	Germany
638	Geipelstein	33, 41, 43, 73	Cliff	-73,7666667	161,5833333	2440	1989-MAR-28	Germany
689	Gelnhausental	79, 80, 82	Valley	-80,7500000	-27,0000000	1300	1994-MAY-10	Germany
565	Geographenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-59,0166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
567	Geographeninsel	30, 31, 32	Island	-62,2166667	-59,0166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
568	Geographensee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,2166667	-59,0166667	40	1985-APR-19	Germany
570	Geschiebebach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
50	Geßnerspitze	25	Peak	-71,7333333	6,9000000	3020	1952-JUL-12	Germany
728	Gipfel der Stille	115, 116, 117	Mountain	-71,9164444	9,0578056	2550	2012-JUN-01	Austria
571	Gletscherbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
572	Gletscherbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1333333	-58,9166667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany

110	Published by Drygalski, Erich von (1906): Der Gaußberg, seine Kartierung und seine Formen, Geographie und Geologie, Volume II, no. 1, p. 1-46, press G. Reimer, Berlin; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
73	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
476	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
638	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
689	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
565	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
567	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
568	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
570	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
50	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
728	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
571	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
572	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

110	Carl Friedrich Gauß 1777-1855), German mathematician and astronomer; name of the expedition vessel "Gauß".	The nunatak was surveyed and photographed from a moored balloon and photogrammetrically plotted at the large scale of 1:7500, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
73	Leo Gburek (1910-1941), German geophysisist during the expedition.	Group of mountains and nuntaks in the W part of H.U.Sverdrupfjella, comprising the mountains Straumsvola, Jutulröra, and Rœrkulten, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
476	Named on the birthday of the logistics officer of Ganovex I, Jürgen Kothe.	The hilly NW part of Tapsell Foreland bordered by Fortenberry Glacier in the W and by Cape Dayman in the E, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
638	Helmut Geipel, German land surveyor during Ganovex IV.	Cliff at the NE side of the head of Priestley Glacier, between the NE end of Deep Freeze Range and Priestley Glacier, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
689	Gelnhausen, town in Hessen, Germany; founded as Imperial City in 1170 by Kaiser Friedrich I, Holy Roman Emperor, called "Barbarossa" or "Redbeard".	Glacier valley at the northern edge of Stephenson Bastion, joining with Cornwall Glacier and draining into Recovery Glacier, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Named during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
565		A creek, outlet of Geographensee, flowing into Geographers Cove, in the SW of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
567		Island in Geographers Cove, in the SW of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
568		A pond, draining into Geographenbach, in the SW of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
570	Geschiebe = bedload.	A creek in the NW of Fildes Peninsula, flowing into Drake Passage, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
50	Wilhelm Geßner († 1944), Chief Executive of Hansa Luftbild Company, published the first photorammetrically plotted map of Neuschwabenland.	The highest peak (Norwegian name Gessnertind) of Storkvarvet, N of Jökulkyrkja, located an the NE end of Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
728	The name should reflect the emotional climax of the expedition, which experienced silence, vastness, solitude, wilderness, etc.	A highly visible peak in the centre of the half-moon-shaped massif Skorvestallen, 1.2 km NE of the butte "Trutzburg"; Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-21 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
571	Gletscher = glacier.	A glacial stream, fed by Bellingshausen Dome (eng)/Collinseiskappe (deu), flowing into See-Elefanten-Bucht, in the NW of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
572	Gletscher = glacier.	A cove at the NW extremity of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.

461	Glückaufkette	27, 30, 31	Range	-71,0666667	165,5000000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
26	Gneiskopf	25	Peak	-71,9333333	12,1000000	2900	1952-JUL-12	Germany
69	Gockelkamm	25	Mountain	-73,0500000	-1,9000000	2165	1952-JUL-12	Germany
125	Gosslerinsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-64,7000000	-64,3666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
554	Gotlandbucht	28, 30, 31	Cove	-67,3666667	179,9500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
96	Grabenhorn	25, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,8000000	12,0333333	2830	1985-APR-19	Germany
573	Granitbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
574	Granitbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1666667	-58,9666667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
21	Graue Hörner	25	Peak	-71,6166667	12,2166667	2196	1952-JUL-12	Germany
20	Großes Schwarzhorn	25, 30, 31	Peak	-71,6000000	12,5500000	2488	1985-APR-19	Germany

461	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
26	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
69	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
125	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
554	Applied for names approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
96	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
573	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
574	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
21	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
20	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Bilder- und Kartenteil: Tafel 48. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

461	"Glück Auf !" (Good luck) is the traditional German miner's greeting.	The SE-NW striking chain at the right side of Ebbe Glacier extends from Frankengletscher in the SE to the confluence of Westfalengletscher, George Glacier and Hessengletscher with Lillie Glacier in the NW, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
26	Gneis = gneiss.	The highest peak (Norwegian name Gneisskolten) of the mountain chain søre Petermannkjedda, Petermannketten, Wohlthatmassiv, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
69	Wilhelm Gockel, German meteorologist of the expedition.	The N-most mountain (Norwegian name Vorrkulten) of the ridge Vestvorren and of the escarpment Neumayersteilwand, NE end of Kirwanveggen, Ritscherhochland, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
125	Ernst Gossler (1838-1893), shareowner of Deutsche Polar-Schifffahrtsgesellschaft.	Surrounded by some islets, the island lies 2 km W of Cape Monaco, at the SW tip of Anvers Island, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
554	An almost completely landlocked cove on Scott Island named after "MS Gotland", which sank during Ganovex II in pack ice 1982/83.	A cove on Scott Island, Pacific sector of Southern Ocean. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
96	Horn or cone-shaped peak.	A prominent peak (Norwegian name Søkkhornet) at the S end of Westliche Petermannkette, S of Zwieselberg, rising between the E side of Humboldtgraben and the W side of Östliches Hochfeld, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
573	Granit = granite.	A creek flowing into Granitbucht, in the NW of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
574	Granit = granite.	A cove at the NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
21	Mountains shaped like horns and appearing grey coloured, lighter than the peaks Schwarze Hörner (black horns).	A cluster of 5 peaks (Norwegian name Gråhorna) located in the central N part of the chain Westliche Petermannkette, 10 km W of the peaks Schwarze Hörner, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
20	A prominent black horn.	A very prominent black peak (Norwegian name store Svarthorn) rising abruptly at the SW extremity of Mittlere Petermannkette, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

60	Gruberberge	25	Range	-72,0000000	4,8333333	2678	1952-JUL-12	Germany
51	Habermehlgipfel	25	Mountain	-71,8000000	6,9000000	2945	1952-JUL-12	Germany
55	Hädrichberg	25	Range	-72,0666667	4,8333333	2780	1952-JUL-12	Germany
731	Haifischflossenberg	121, 122, 123	Mountain	-71,4818944	11,6583278	1830	2019-JUN-14	Austria
122	Hamburghafen	11, 12, 30, 31	Bay	-64,5166667	-63,9000000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
639	Hampelspitze	33, 41, 43, 73	Peak	-74,5666667	163,7166667	1020	1989-MAR-28	Germany
462	Handschuhsporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,4500000	162,8333333	1500	1985-APR-19	Germany
459	Hannoverpass	27, 30, 31	Pass	-70,9166667	166,5000000	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany
460	Hansabucht	27, 30, 31	Cove	-70,7000000	166,6333333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
640	Havelgletscher	33, 41, 43, 73	Glacier	-74,2166667	162,6666667	1200	1989-MAR-28	Germany
76	Heddenberg	5	Mountain	-72,1666667	1,1666667	1540	1952-JUL-12	Germany

60	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
51	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
55	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
731	Applied for name approval on 2019-FEB-27; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2019-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
122	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
639	Applied for names approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
462	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
459	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
460	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
640	Applied for names approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
76	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Unidentified by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

60	Erich Gruber, radio operator of the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Boreas".	The mountain range is comprising the mountains Petrellfjellet, Slokstallen and Kvithamaren, located in the central part of Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, E of Bundermannketten, N of Hädrichberg and SW of Buddenbrockkette, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
51	Richard Habermehl (1890-1980), President of the Reichsamt für Wetterdienst (Central Meteorological Service).	A mountain (Norwegian name Habermehltoppen) S of Geßnerspitze, NE of Jökulkyrkja, located an the NE end of Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
55	Willy Hädrich, Commissioner of Deutsche Lufthansa.	A range of nunataks and mountains comprising Snöbjörga, Setenuten and Sloknuten, S of Gruberberge and SE of Bundermannketten, Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
731	A striking mountain peak shaped like a shark fin.	A distinctive peak projecting about 400m from the surface of the glacier Humboldtgraben at the E scarp of Nordwestinsel, Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2017-NOV-13 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called International Queen Maud Land Expedition 2017.
122	Hamburg, Hanseatic city and seaport town, located at the river Elbe in Northern Germany, port of departure of the expedition.	A bay at the W coast of Anvers Island, Bonnier Point in the N, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
639	Herbert Hampel († 1985-FEB-24), Chief pilot during Ganovex IV, killed at the return flight of the survey aircraft "Polar 3" over the Western Sahara by a missile shoot-down.	A peak at the S end of Deep Freeze Range facing Priestley Glacier, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
462	Geologically important spurs shaped like a glove.	A spur E of Carnes Crag, facing Sledgers Glacier and the S foothills of Bowers Mountains, Lanterman Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
459	Hannover, Capital of the German Land (State) Niedersachsen (Lower Saxony).	A passage from Barnett Glacier to Kirkby Glacier near Mount Elliot, Ganovex-Kette, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
460	Named for the Hansa Shipping Company, Bremen, owner of the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm" .	A cove in the S of Davis Ice Piedmont, opposite the mouth of O'Hara Glacier, Yule Bay, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
640	River Havel, passing the German Capital Berlin, right-bank tributary to the river Elbe.	A tributary of Priestley Glacier, between Mount New Zealand and Mount Meister, Nash Ridge, Albert Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
76	Karl Hedden, seaman onboard the expedition vessel "Schwabenland", who saved a fellow from drowning.	A nunatak (Norwegian name Römlingane) NW of Vendeholten and SW of Brattskarvet, Paulsenberge, H.U.Sverdrupfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

575	Heidelberginsel	30, 31, 32	Island	-62,2333333	-59,0000000		1985-APR-19	Germany
641	Heimesdom	33, 41, 43, 73	Ridge	-73,0333333	167,2500000	2800	1989-MAR-28	Germany
71	Herrmannberge	25	Range	-72,5666667	0,5000000	2885	1952-JUL-12	Germany
138	Herthainsel	12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1500000	-59,9833333	150	1985-APR-19	Germany
103	Herzog-Ernst-Bucht	6, 30, 31	Bay	-77,7500000	-35,2500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
458	Hessengletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7000000	164,5833333	400	1985-APR-19	Germany
724	Himmelsleiter	115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120	Mountain	-71,8572222	9,0047222	2232	2014-JUN-13	Austria
690	Hinzberg	79, 80, 82	Mountain	-74,6000000	164,1333333	400	1994-MAY-10	Germany
576	Hochbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
691	Höflegletscher	79, 80, 82	Glacier	-80,3333333	-27,1666667	1000	1994-MAY-10	Germany
642	Höflenunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-73,0500000	160,6000000	2200	1989-MAR-28	Germany
117	Hohes Land	9, 30, 31	Land	-66,5833333	92,0000000	500	1985-APR-19	Germany
457	Holsteingletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,1000000	166,4166667	1500	1985-APR-19	Germany
709	Holteberg	92, 93, 97	Height	-69,4000000	157,8500000	1200	1999-JUN-18	Germany

575	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
641	Applied for names approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
71	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
138	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
103	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Published also in Glaciological Map 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis (30 January to 14 March 1986), Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie (IfAG), Frankfurt am Main, 1987; - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
458	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
724	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2013-MAR-13; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2013-OCT-18; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
690	Published (1993-SEP-24) 1994-JAN-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR
576	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
691	Applied for names approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
642	Applied for names approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
117	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß", G. Reimer, Berlin; Drygalski, E. v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, vol. I, no. 1-4, Vereinig. Wissensch. Verleger, Berlin and Leipzig, 1905-1921; Drygalski, E.v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, Geographie und Geologie, vol. II, no. 1-7, G. Reimer, Berlin, 1906-1912; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
457	Applied for names approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
709	Applied for names approval in October 1998; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1998-OCT-20; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

575	Heidelberg, romantic city and famous university town, situated at the river Neckar, Baden Württemberg, Germany.	The island is situated in Fildes Strait between Nelson Island and Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
641	Franz-Josef Heimes, surveyor during Ganovex IV.	A ridge of 6 km extension in the S part of Malta Plateau, N of Cuneiform Cliffs, facing Mariner Glacier in the S, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
71	Ernst Herrmann (1895-1970), geographer of the expedition.	The mountain range is comprising mountains and nunataks of Robinheia, Hamrane, Rootshorga, and Nupskåpa, in the SW of H.U.Sverdrupfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
138	The island is named by J. Petersen after the Norwegian sealing and expedition vessel "Hertha".	An island 2 km NW of Castorinsel, located in the Robbeninseln (English name Seal Nunataks), off the E coast of Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson. First seen and mapped as an island in December 1893 by Captain C.A. Larsen, who named it after the Hertha, a ship which combined sealing and exploring activities along the W coast of Antarctic Peninsula under Captain C.J. Evensen in 1893/94. It was determined to be a nunatak by the Swedish Antarctic Expedition under Nordenskjöld during a sledge journey in 1902.
103	Herzog Ernst II. von Sachsen-Altenburg (1871-1955).	The bay - also erroneously called Vahsel Bay - is formed by the coastline of Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, and the icefront of Filchnerschelfeis, Weddell Sea; the bay comprises the temporary mooring place "Vahselbucht" of the expedition vessel "Deutschland" which at that time was more an inlet than a bay. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
458	Hessen, Federal State (Land) of Germany.	A tributary of Lillie Glacier Tongue, S of the headland Rieckvorgebirge and the névé Menzersattel with Saddle Peak and Mount Kostka in the E, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
724	Jacob's ladder is the descriptive name of the mountain's appearance with ridges in three stages.	A peak located at the S extremity of Vinten-Johansenegga as a distinctive landmark facing Steinskaret in the SW, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-19 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
690	Karl Hinz (1934-2016), German geophysisist, marine researcher and geologist.	A mountain ENE of Mount Browning, 4 km N of Kap Möbius, facing Campbell Glacier Tongue in the E, Northern Foothills, Terra Nova Bay, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
576	Hoch = high.	A creek flowing into Skuabucht, at the central NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
691	Hans-Cristoph Höfle (1941-1993), quarternary geologist during several Antarctic expeditions.	A glacier in the Lagrange Nunataks, draining into Slessor Glacier, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Surveyed during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
642	Hans-Cristoph Höfle (1941-1993), quarternary geologist during several Antarctic expeditions.	A nunatak in the S of Outback Nunataks, W of Sequence Hills, Rennick Névé, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
117	Hohes Land = Upland.	First "Land in sight" on 1902-FEB-21; 150 km E of the surveyed nunatak Gaußberg, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
457	Holstein is the S part of the German Land (State) Schleswig-Holstein.	The glacier is a tributary to Ebbe Glacier and bordered by the ranges Stillekette at its right side and Ganovex-Kette at its left side, Anare Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
709	Named after the castle "Schloss Holte" in North Rhine Westphalia.	The highest rise at the E margin of a chain of hills, 8 km NE of Thompson Peak, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).

577	Holzbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
578	Horatiobach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-59,0166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
579	Horatiobucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,2000000	-59,0166667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
526	Hornfelsgipfel	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,6000000	161,9000000	1810	1985-APR-19	Germany
643	Hülserbergnunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-73,6833333	162,4500000	3300	1989-MAR-28	Germany
29	Humboldtgraben	25	Ice stream	-71,7500000	11,9166667	2400	1952-JUL-12	Germany
580	Hydrographenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
34	In der Schüssel	25	Basin	-71,5666667	11,5000000	1580	1952-JUL-12	Germany
456	Indexsporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,5500000	163,1166667	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
139	Jasoninsel	12, 30, 31	Nunatak	-65,0166667	-60,3000000	500	1985-APR-19	Germany
692	Jenagletscher	79, 80, 82	Glacier	-74,6833333	162,6000000	1000	1994-MAY-10	Germany
693	Jenzigberg	79, 80, 82	Mountain	-74,6500000	162,5500000	2090	1994-MAY-10	Germany
47	Johannes-Müller-Kamm	25	Ridge	-72,1833333	8,1333333	2620	1952-JUL-12	Germany
455	Jordanrücken	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,0000000	162,3666667	800	1985-APR-19	Germany

577	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
578	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
579	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
526	Applied for names approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
643	Applied for names approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
29	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
580	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
34	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
456	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
139	Published (as "Jasoninsel") by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
692	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
693	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
47	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
455	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

577	Holz = wood.	A creek NE of Bellingshausen Station, flowing into buhta Kamenistaja (rus), Rocky Cove (eng), Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
578	Named after the British sealer Horatio operating around the South Shetland Islands in the years 1820 and 1821.	A creek flowing from Horatio Stump into Horatiobucht, at the SW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
579	Named after the British sealer Horatio operating around the South Shetland Islands in the years 1820 and 1821.	A cove at the SW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
526	A peak consisting of hornfels.	A mountain peak SSW of Mount Van Veen, Morozumi Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
643	Hülserberg, a hill (end moraine) near the town Krefeld, Germany.	A nunatak located in the Vantage Hills at the head of Rennick Glacier, borderline of Deep Freeze Range and Mesa Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
29	Alexander von Humboldt (1769-1859), German geographer and pioneer of earth-magnetic research in Polar regions.	The ice stream (Norwegian name Humboldtsökket) is draining the continental ice sheet Wegenerinlandeis, seperating Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge in the W and the mountain range Westliche Petermannkette in the E, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Donning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
580		A creek S of Bellingshausen Station, flowing into Hydrographers Cove, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
34	A basin or valley shaped like a bowl (Schüssel).	A drainless basin or valley (Norwegian name Grautfatet) filled with ice and covered by supraglacial moraine , fed by the glacier Somoveken, Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Donning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
456	Spur shaped like a pointing finger.	A spur N of Fingernagelsporn, W of kleiner Sledgersgletscher (English name MacKinnon Glacier) and W of Reilly Ridge, Lanterman Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
139	Island named after one of the expedition vessels "Jason".	An island 8 km N of Bruce Nunatak, located in the Robbeninseln (English name Seal Nunataks), off the E coast of Antarctic Peninsula. First charted in 1902 by the Swedish Antarctic Expedition under Nordenskjöld, and named by him for Captain Eduard Dallmann. Discovered - and named "Jasoninsel" - during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
692	Jena, town in Thüringen (Thuringia), Germany.	The glacier is flowing from Jenzigberg, S of Eisenhower Range, into Reeves Glacier, Prince Albert Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
693	A mountain looking similar to the mountain "Jenzigberg", located in the vicinity of the town Jena, Thüringen (Thuringia), Germany.	A striking mountain in the S extremity of Eisenhower Range, Prince Albert Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
47	Johannes Müller († 1941), navigator onboard the expedition vessel "Deutschland" during the 2nd German Antarctic Expedition 1911/12.	The SE-most crest (Norwegian name Müllerkammen) of Orvinfjella, E of Storknolten, flowed round by the glaciers Snuggerudbreen and Vinjebreen, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
455	Heinz Jordan, German geologist during Ganovex I.	A small, 6 km long ridge at the border of Explorer Range with Rennick Glacier, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I). Later named "Adams Ridge" (Map Mount Soza 1:250,000, SR 57-58/15, USGS 1988) by another board.

583	Jurabach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2333333	-58,9833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
584	Jurasee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,2166667	-59,0000000	50	1985-APR-19	Germany
108	Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land	9, 30, 31	Land	-66,8333333	89,5000000	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany
118	Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln	12, 30, 31	Archipelago	-65,0833333	-63,1666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
725	Kamelbuckel	115, 116, 117	Mountain	-71,8411389	9,0004167	2184	2012-JUN-01	Austria
143	Kap Framnæs	12, 30, 31	Cape	-65,9500000	-60,5500000	150	1985-APR-19	Germany
120	Kap Grönland	11, 12, 30, 31	Cape	-64,2500000	-63,3500000		1985-APR-19	Germany
111	Kap Lewald	9, 30, 31	Cape	-66,7833333	89,3000000	70	1985-APR-19	Germany
644	Kap Möbius	33, 41, 43, 73	Cape	-74,6333333	164,2166667	200	1989-MAR-28	Germany
98	Kap Vahsel	6, 30, 31	Cape	-76,6833333	-30,4166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
527	Kappenkuppe	28, 30, 31	Nunatak	-70,8500000	167,0833333	900	1985-APR-19	Germany
56	Kayekamm	25	Cliff	-72,1000000	4,3666667	2730	1952-JUL-12	Germany
438	Kesseltal	27, 30, 31	Valley	-71,6333333	160,3333333	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
454	Kieler Pass	27, 30, 31	Pass	-71,0333333	166,2500000	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany

583	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
584	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
108	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß", G. Reimer, Berlin; Drygalski, E. v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, vol. I, no. 1-4, Vereinig. Wissensch. Verleger, Berlin and Leipzig, 1905-1921; Drygalski, E.v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, Geographie und Geologie, vol. II, no. 1-7, G. Reimer, Berlin, 1906-1912; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
118	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
725	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
143	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
120	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
111	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß", G. Reimer, Berlin; Drygalski, E. v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, vol. I, no. 1-4, Vereinig. Wissensch. Verleger, Berlin and Leipzig, 1905-1921; Drygalski, E.v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, Geographie und Geologie, vol. II, no. 1-7, G. Reimer, Berlin, 1906-1912; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
644	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
98	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt a. M.
527	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
56	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
438	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
454	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

583		A creek, outlet of Jurasee, flowing into Fildes Strait, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
584		A pond, draining into Jurabach, in the S of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
108	Kaiser Wilhelm II. (1859-1941), King of Prussia and Emperor of Germany (1888-1918).	The sighted and discovered coast and uprising land at Davis Sea. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
118	Kaiser Wilhelm I. (1797-1888), King of Prussia and German Emperor (1871-1888).	The archipelago extends from the SW coast of Anvers Island over about 100 km to the NE coast of Renaud Island, between Biscoe Islands and Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
725	The three-humped mountain reminds one of a camel.	An impressive triple round-topped mountain, 1.7 km N of the mountain "Himmelsleiter" on a narrow ridge in the S part of Vinten-Johansenegga, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-19 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
143	Framnæs shipyard, Sandefjord, Norway, in posession of Christen Christensen, owner of the Steamship Company "Oceana".	Cape of Jason Peninsula, König-Oskar-II.-Land, E side of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during the expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
120	Named after the expedition vessel "Grönland".	The N-most tip of Anvers Island, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
111	Theodor Lewald (1860–1947), director of a department of the Ministry of Interior.	A spur of the nunatak Gaußberg, 550 m WSW of Nordkap, Westbucht, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
644	Richard Möbius († 1985-FEB-24), pilot during Ganovex IV, killed at the return flight of the survey aircraft "Polar 3" over the Western Sahara by a missile shoot-down.	Cape in the vicinity of Gondwana Station (DEU), Gerlache Inlet, facxing Campbell Glacier Tongue, Scott Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
98	Richard Vahsel (1868-1912), Captain of the erxpedition vessel "Deutschland"; died during the expedition on 1912-AUG-08 at 10 a.m.	First "Land in sight" on 1912-JAN-30 at 3 p.m., named Kap Vahsel. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
527	Ludger Kappen, German botanist during Ganovex II, Proferssor at the University of Kiel.	A nunatak S of Geburtstagsrücken, E of Fortenberry Glacier, Tapsell Foreland, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
56	Georg Kaye, councillor, resposible for the support and maintenance of the ships of the Deutsche Lufthansa.	A ridge (Norwegian name Langfloget) between Preuschoffrücken in the W and Bundermannketten and Hädrichberg in the E, central S part of Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
438	Kessel = hollow; very deep, bowl-shaped valley.	A valley in Schroeder Spur between Mount Toogood and Mount McKenny, leading to Edwards Glacier, Daniels Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
454	Kiel is the Capital of the German Land (State) Schleswig-Holstein.	A passage through the ranges Ganovex-Kette and Stillekette, Anare Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).

585	Kiesbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
586	Kiteschbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
716	Klaus-Weber-Rücken	111, 113, 114	Ridge	-75,0983333	-12,2700000	2140	2010-MAY-28	Germany
451	Kleiner Sledgersgletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,5500000	163,2000000	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
90	Kleinschmidtgipfel	25	Nunatak	-73,6666667	-4,2500000	2483	1952-JUL-12	Germany
453	Kleinschmidtklippen	27, 30, 31	Bluff	-71,4833333	160,2500000	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany
588	Kliffbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-59,0000000		1985-APR-19	Germany
445	Knaackberg	27, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,7833333	163,5833333	1190	1985-APR-19	Germany
537	Knetschberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-73,7333333	165,7833333	1850	1985-APR-19	Germany
444	Kobourgkogel	27, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,2000000	164,4833333	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
141	König-Oskar-II.-Land	12, 30, 31	Coast	-65,7500000	-62,5000000	1500	1985-APR-19	Germany
694	Köppengletscher	79, 80, 82	Glacier	-80,3000000	-28,0000000	1000	1994-MAY-10	Germany
509	Kotheberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8666667	166,4500000	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany

585	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
586	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
716	Applied for name approval on 2010-FEB-20; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
451	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
90	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
453	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
588	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
445	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
537	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
444	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
141	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
694	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
509	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

585	Kies = gravel.	A creek NE of Bellingshausen Station, flowing into buhta Kamenistaja (rus), Rocky Cove (eng), Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
586	Китеж, Kiteš (anglophon transcription Kitezh) is the name of a myth-enshrouded town built in the 13th century in the early Russian Empire.	A creek flowing through озеро Китеж, ozero Kiteš (English name Lake Kitezh) in SE direction to Ardley Cove, Maxwell Bay, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin. On a map published in 1973 on which results were presented of a Soviet Antarctic Expedition conducted in 1968, the creek is named ручей Станционный, ručej Stancionnyj (English name Station Creek).
716	Klaus Weber (1936-2010), German geologist, member of two expeditions to Heimefrontfjella.	A ridge of approx. 300 m length, rising only a few metres above the snow surface, extending from NW to SE, one of the S-most exposures of Heimefrontfjella, approx. 7 km SE of Flisegga, Tottanfjella; was discovered on aerial photography taken by the Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie (Institue for Applied Geodesy), Frankfurt am Main, Germany, in 1985/86 and visited and gelogically described for the first time in 1994; Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land.
451	The small tributary to Sledgers Glacier is named referring to the already existing name.	The glacier is surrounded by Reilly Ridge and the spurs Fingernagelsorn and Zeigefingersporn; tributary to Sledgers Glacier, Lanterman Range, Victoria Land; Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I). Later named "MacKinnon Glacier" (Map Mount Soza 1:250,000, SR 57-58/15, USGS 1988) by another board.
90	Ernst Kleinschmidt, meteorologist of the Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg.	The group of nunataks is comprising Enden and Skappelnabben, seperated in the NE from Bludauberge by the névé Belgen and in the SW from Uhliggipfel by the névé Urfjelldokka, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
453	Georg Kleinschmidt, German geologist during several Antarctic expeditions, Professor at the universities of	Cliffs at the N side of Swanson Glacier, opposite Thompson Spur, Daniels Range, USARP Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
588		A creek between the airfield and Gemel Peaks, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
445	Christian Knaack, German meteorologist during Ganovex I.	The highest peak of Platypus Ridge in the S, at the confluence of Crawford Glacier with Lillie Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
537	Georg Knetsch (1904-1997), German geologist, Professor at the University of Würzburg.	A mountain S of Mount Casey and E of Mout Monteagle, Mountaineer Range, Lady Newnes Bay, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
444	An artificial name combined of names parts of two Ganovex I members: Jürgen Kothe, logistics officer, and Reinhard Wendebourg, expedition doctor; Kogel = rounded mountain top.	A rounded mountain top of the spur Lillie-Marleen-Sporn at the right side of Lillie Glacier, 2 km NW of Mount Dockery, Everett Range, Concord Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
141	Oskar Fredrik Bernadotte (1829-1907), King of Sweden and Norway.	The portion of the E coast of the Antarctic Peninsula between Nordenskjöld Coast (Cape Fairweather) and Foyn Coast (Cape Alexander), Weddell Sea. Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
694	Wladimir Peter Köppen (1846-1940), notable meteorologist and climatologist, 1875-1918 Head of the Meteorological Department of the Marine Weather Service Hamburg, Germany.	A glacier, draining the Lagrange Nunataks into Slessor Glacier, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Named during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
509	Jürgen Kothe, German logistics officer on Ganovex expeditions.	The S-most peak of Lawrence Peaks, SSE of Pedersenberg and SE of Brandalberg, facing the confluence of Seafarer Glacier with Mariner Glacier in the S, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

93	Kottasberge	25	Mountain	-74,3333333	-9,7500000	2156	1952-JUL-12	Germany
95	Kraulberge	5	Mountain	-73,1666667	-14,0000000	898	1952-JUL-12	Germany
539	Krausberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,7000000	166,8333333	2900	1985-APR-19	Germany
531	Krebsgletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,9833333	163,0500000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
695	Krebsnunatak	79, 80, 82	Nunatak	-80,6333333	-24,0333333	1600	1994-MAY-10	Germany
645	Krefeldebene	33, 41, 43, 73	Névé	-73,6000000	162,8000000	2400	1989-MAR-28	Germany
503	Kreuzkamm	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-73,4333333	166,9333333	1360	1985-APR-19	Germany
129	Krogmanninsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1333333	-64,1166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
70	Krügerberg	25	Mountain	-72,6000000	0,9500000	2655	1952-JUL-12	Germany
48	Kubus	25	Mountain	-71,9833333	7,3333333	2985	1952-JUL-12	Germany

93	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
95	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Unidentified by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
539	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
531	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
695	Applied for name approval on (1993-SEP-24) 1994-FEB-10; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
645	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
503	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
129	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
70	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
48	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

93	Alfred Kottas (1885-1969), Captain of the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	The NE extremity of Heimefrontfjella (Norwegian name Milorgfjella), Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
95	Otto Kraul (1892-1972), maritime pilot in polar waters.	The NE extremity of Vestfjella, comprising the mountains Basen and Plogen and the nunatak Fossilryggen, Ritscherflya, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
539	Ernst Kraus (1889-1970), German alpine geologist, Professor at the universities of Königsberg, Riga and	The mountain is located W of the névé Nigglifirnfeld being the accumulation zone of Wilhelm Glacier and Trainer Glacier, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
531	Wolfgang Krebs (1933-1981), German geologist, Professor at the University of Braunschweig.	Mount Ford and Miller Peak are located at the head of Krebsgletscher, joining with Rastorguev Glacier before flowing into Lillie Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
695	Wolfgang Krebs (1933-1981), German geologist, Professor at the University of Braunschweig.	A nunatak north of Arkell Cirque, Read Mountains, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Surveyed during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
645	Krefeld, town in North-Rhine Westfalia.	A névé at the heads of Rennick Glacier and Campbell Glacier, between Mesa Range and Deep Freeze Range. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
503	Two almost perfectly at right angles NNW-SSE and ENE-WSW intersecting ridges.	The ridges are facing Meander Glacier in the N, Browngletscher in The W, Suter Glacier in the S, and Damaskegletscher in the E; Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
129	Hermann August Krogmann (1826-1899), member of the Geographical Society Hamburg, financial intermediary of the expedition.	The island is 5 km long, lying 4 km SW of Booth Island in the Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln, between Graham Coast and Danco Coast, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
70	Walter Krüger (1905-1948), meteorologist of the expedition.	A group of nunataks (Norwegian name Kvitskarvet) 15 km E of the mountain range Herrmannberge, H.U.Sverdrupfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
48	A massive brick-shaped cuboidal mountain.	A prominent mountain of Filchnerberge, W of Klevekampen and SE of Trollslottet, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

43	Kurzegebirge	25	Range	-71,9166667	9,0000000	2791	1952-JUL-12	Germany
646	Lahngletscher	33, 41, 43, 73	Glacier	-73,8500000	162,8333333	3000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
140	Larseninsel	12, 30, 31	Nunatak	-64,9666667	-60,0833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
516	Lawinennunatak	28, 30, 31	Nunatak	-72,8000000	166,2333333	2100	1985-APR-19	Germany
104	Lerchenfeldgletscher	6, 30, 31	Glacier	-77,9000000	-34,4166667	500	1985-APR-19	Germany
550	Letzte-Chance-Kamm	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,6166667	163,4166667	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany
647	Liebigsporn	33, 41, 43, 73	Spur	-73,7666667	161,4666667	2200	1989-MAR-28	Germany
452	Lillie-Marleen-Sporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,2000000	164,5000000	600	1985-APR-19	Germany
134	Lindenbergzuckerhut	12, 30, 31	Island	-64,9333333	-59,6666667	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
61	Loesenerplatte	25	Plateau	-72,0333333	5,1666667	2720	1952-JUL-12	Germany
32	Lose Platte	25	Platform	-71,6333333	11,2833333	2080	1952-JUL-12	Germany
534	Lotzegletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7500000	162,8500000	1600	1985-APR-19	Germany
696	Lundströmsee	79, 80, 82	Water body	-80,4500000	-29,4833333	600	1994-MAY-10	Germany

43	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
646	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
140	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
516	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
104	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt a. M.
550	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
647	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
452	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
134	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
61	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
32	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
534	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
696	Applied for name approval on (1993-SEP-24) 1994-JAN-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

43	Friedrich-Wilhelm Kurze (1891-1945), Chief of the Nautical Department of the Marine Command.	The range comprises the range Holtedahlfjella and the ridge Kurzefjella covered by broad areas of moraines, between Drygalskiberge and the glacier Sigynbreen in the W and the glacier Sandeken and Conradgebirge in the E, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
646	River Lahn, right-bank tributary of river Rhine, Germany.	A tributary of Recoil Glacier and Campbell Glacier, Deep Freeze Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
140	Carl Anton Larsen (1860-1924), Norwegian whaler and Antarcic explorer, captain and leader of the expedition.	The island lies 5 km NNW of Murdoch Nunatak, 15 km NE of Bruce Nunatak and 20 km NW of Robertsonunsel, Nordenskjöld Coast, E side of the Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
516	Site of the descent of a slab avalanche during Ganovex III.	A nunatak of Lawrence Hills, NNE of Wenzelberg, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
104	Hugo Graf von Lerchenfeld-Köfering (1843-1925), promoter of the expedition.	The glacier, passing Bertrabnunatakker in the W and Littlewood Nunataks in the E, is confluencing with Penckgletscher and Schweitzergletscher, all draining the inland ice sheet of Touchdown Hills into Herzog-Ernst-Bucht, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land; initianally named "Graf-Lerchenfeld-Gletscher". Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
550	The "last" outcrop at which there was a chance to solve a geological problem during the expedition.	A ridge (E of the spur "Unbestimmter Sporn") of Gateway Hills, facing the catchment zone of Sledgers Glacier, Wisdom Hills and Incisor Ridge in the E, Lanterman Range, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land.
647	Volker Liebig, German geophysisist during Ganovex IV.	The spur is located at the head of Priestley Glacier, neighbouring Geipelstein, Deep Freeze Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
452	Lili Marleen, title of a German soldier's song sung by Lale Andersen; due to the similarity of the names parts "Lillie" and "Lili" the camp of Ganovex I was named "Lillie-Marleen-Hütte" and erected here.	A spur of Everett Range with Mount Dockery and Kobourgkogel located at the right side of Lillie Glacier, Concord Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
134	Carl Lindenberg (1847–1921), co-owner of the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson and sponsor of the expedition. The terrain elevation of the island is shaped like a sugar-loaf.	Island, rising 200m above Larsen Ice Shelf near the ice front until 1995 when the ice shelf was collapsing. The island lies off the Nordenskjöld Coast about 20 km N of Robertsoninsel and Christensenvulkan and 70 km ENE of Cape Fairweather, Robbeninseln, Weddell Sea. Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
61	Kurt Loesener, aircraft mechanics of the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Boreas".	A plateau consisting of NW-SE striking cliffs of rock and ice comprising Hamarskorvene and Skorvebradden, E of Gruberberge and Hädrichberg, Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
32	A descriptive name for a plate-like mountain ridge; the meaning of "Lose" is uncertain.	A wind-exposed and plate-like ridge (Norwegian name Lausflæet) SW of the basin "In der Schüssel" and W of the glacier Somoveken, Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Donning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
534	Franz Lotze (1903-1971), German geologist, Professor at the Humboldt University of Berlin and at the University of Münster (Westfalen).	A glacier S of Trögergletscher, joining with Trögergletscher and Chugunov Glacier before flowing into Lillie Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
696	Volker Lundström, helicopter mechanics during several Antarctic expeditions.	A small lake near Mount Gass, Haskard Highlands, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Named during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.

450	Mandelkliff	27, 30, 31	Cliff	-71,4500000	162,0833333	400	1985-APR-19	Germany
519	Marinerplateau	28, 30, 31	Plateau	-73,0166667	166,3333333	2200	1985-APR-19	Germany
532	Martinigletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,0333333	163,3000000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
45	Matterhorn	25	Peak	-71,8666667	8,3333333	2931	1952-JUL-12	Germany
63	Mayrkette	25	Massif	-72,0500000	2,7500000	2370	1952-JUL-12	Germany
449	Mayrsporn	27, 30, 31	Spur	-71,6833333	170,1333333	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany
492	McGovarin-Hügel	28, 30, 31	Hill	-70,5000000	161,2000000	830	1985-APR-19	Germany
448	McKenzie-Scharte	27, 30, 31	Gap	-71,2500000	163,2333333	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
555	Meinhardtgipfel	28, 30, 31	Peak	-71,1500000	164,5833333	1775	1985-APR-19	Germany
10	Mentzelberg	25	Mountain	-71,3666667	13,6500000	2330	1952-JUL-12	Germany
447	Menzersattel	27, 30, 31	Névé	-70,6500000	164,5000000	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
546	Migmatitwand	28, 30, 31	Bluff	-73,4833333	165,0666667	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
38	Mittlere Petermannkette	25, 30, 31	Range	-71,5000000	12,5000000	2488	1985-APR-19	Germany
674	Möllereisstrom	38, 41, 43	Ice stream	-82,0000000	-63,0000000	500	1989-MAR-28	Germany

450	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
519	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
532	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
45	Published by Ritscher, A. (1952): Bekannmachung über die Bestätigung der bei der Entdeckung von "Neu-Schwabenland" im Atlantischen Sektor der Antarktis durch die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 erfolgten Benennungen geographischer Begriffe. Vom 12. Juli 1952. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
63	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
449	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
492	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
448	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
555	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
10	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
447	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
546	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
38	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
674	published on Glaciological Map 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1987; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

450	Cliffs of amygdaloidal basalt.	Cliffs at the S parts of Litell Rocks, facing the left side of Rennick Glacier, and seperated from Morozumi Range in the W by an unnamed névé, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
519	The plateau is named referring to "Mariner Glacier".	An extended plateau bordering Mariner Glacier in the NE and Gair Glacier in the S, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
532	Hans-Joachim Martini (1908-1969), German geologist, President (1962-1969) of the Bundesanstalt für Bodenforschung, Hannover (predecessor of the	A glacier S of Rastorguev Glacier, N of Montigny Glacier, all three are passing the Flensing Icefalls before flowing into Lillie Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land; Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III). Later named "Van Loon Glacier" (Map Mount Soza 1:250,000, SR 57-58/15, USGS 1988) by another board.
45	Shaped like the famous Swiss mountain Matterhorn.	The highest peak (Norwegian name Ulvetanna) in the E ridge of Fenriskjeften, Drygalskiberge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
63	Rudolf Mayr, pilot of the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Passat".	The mountains are comprising the massif Jutulsessen, the mountain Stabben in the N and the ridge Brugda in the S, Gjelsvikfjella, Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
449	Peter Mayr, seaman on the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm".	The spur lies W of Adare Peninsula and is facing Protection Cove of Robertson Bay, Admiralty Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
492	Steve McGovarin, Canadian helicopter pilot during Ganovex III.	A hill on the E side of the centrally located peninsula of Kavrayskiy Hills, facing the tongue of Rennick Glacier, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
448	Scharte = gap, named after the nearby McKenzie Nunatak which can best be approached through McKenzie-Scharte.	The névé is a junction of Edlin Névé, the accumulation zones of Carryer Glacier, Graveson Glacier and McLin Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
555	Karl Meinhardt, German geophysics technician during Ganovex II.	Mountain peak in Everett Range, between Lillie Glacier and Ebbe Glacier, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
10	Rudolf Mentzel (1900-1987), President of the German Research Foundation.	A peak (Norwegian name Mentzelfjellet) standing 6 km E of Bastei and 10 km W of Todtriegel, Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
447	Detlef Menzer, officer on the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm" during Ganovex I.	Névé on Rieckvorgebirge with Saddle Peak at its SE border, accumulation zone of Hessengletscher, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
546	Cliff consisting of migmatites.	The bluff is rising up at the right side of Fitzgerald Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
38	August Heinrich Petermann (1822-1878), German geographer, cartographer and publisher of the geographic journal "Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen".	The central mountain chain (Norwegian name midtre Petermannkjeda) of Petermannketten, ranging from Schneidengruppe at the N extremity, Svarthornkammen in the centre to Schwarze Hörner at the S extremity, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
674	Dietrich Möller (1927-2015), German geodesist, initiator of the German Antarctic surveying programme, in particular of high precision glaciological strain measurements and analyses of ice shelf movements.	Before entering Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis, Möllereisstrom ist passing the ice dome Bungenstockrücken in the W and joining with Institute Ice Streamon in the E, both traversing the passage between Berkner Island (in the E) and Henry Ice Rice (in the W), Weddell Sea. Named during German Antarctic Expedition 1985/86.

102	Moltkenunatakker	6, 30, 31	Nunatak	-77,9666667	-35,5000000	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
553	Monte Rosa	28, 30, 31	Massif	-70,9166667	162,8500000	2400	1985-APR-19	Germany
593	Moosbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9500000		1985-APR-19	Germany
594	Moränenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
592	Möwenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
49	Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge	25	Range	-72,0000000	4,5000000	3090	1952-JUL-12	Germany
595	Muschelbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
596	Muschelbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1666667	-58,9833333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
597	Muschelsee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,1666667	-58,9500000	40	1985-APR-19	Germany
649	Myosotisnunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-73,0166667	161,5000000	2000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
598	Nebelbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-58,9500000		1985-APR-19	Germany
525	Neujahrsrücken	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,8666667	163,6333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
676	Neumayereishöcker	46, 50, 51	Ice rumple	-70,5333333	-8,5000000	70	1990-APR-02	Germany
68	Neumayersteilwand	25	Cliff	-73,1666667	-1,8333333	2401	1952-JUL-12	Germany

102	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt a. M.
553	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
593	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
594	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
592	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
49	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
595	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
596	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
597	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
649	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
598	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
525	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
676	Published on Maps of Ice Shelf Kinematics at 1:500.000 scale, Ekstömisen SR 29-30/SW, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1989; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1990-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
68	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

102	Named in honour of Helmuth Johannes Ludwig von Moltke (1848-1916), promoter of the expedition and his brother Friedrich von Moltke (1852-1927).	A chain of four or five nunataks located 12 km SW of Belgrano II Station, at the shear zone of the inland ice sheet of Touchdown Hills with the E border of Filchnerschelfeis, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, Weddell Sea. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
553	Resembling the Monte Rosa, Switzerland/Italy.	The massif, at the head of Crawford Glacier, is located between Mount Hager in the N and Mount Ford in the S, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
593	Moos = moss.	Creek flowing into See-Elefanten-Bucht, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
594	Moräne = moraine.	Creek flowing into Drake Passage, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
592	Möwe = seagull.	Creek flowing into Skuabucht, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
49	Albert Mühlig-Hofmann (1886-1980), head of department of Ministry of Aviation.	The range comprises Gjelsvikfjella and Mühlig-Hofmannfjella, E of H.U.Sverdrupfjella and W of Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
595	Muschel = seashell.	Creek flowing into Muschelbucht, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
596	Muschel = seashell.	Cove at the NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, outlet of Muschelbach, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
597	Muschel = seashell.	The middle of three ponds, N of Davies Heights, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
649	Myosotis, botanical name of forget-me-not.	The N-most of two aligned nunataks, E of Sequence Hills, N of Thierbachfirnfeld, NW of Caudal Hills, W of Sheehan Mesa, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
598	Nebel = fog.	Creek at the SE end of Fildes Peninsula, flowing into Maxwell Bay, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
525	Location where the New Year of 1983 was celebrated whilst working in the field.	A ridge at the S extremity of Lanterman Range, extending 5 km in NE - SW direction towards Canham Glacier, 5 km SSE of Mout Edixon. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
676	Georg von Neumayer (1826-1909), Director of the Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg, and promoter of various Polar expeditions.	Ice rumples 8 km WNW of the German Research Station "Georg von Neumayer I" (constructed 1981) and 16 km NW of "Neumayer-Station III" (constructed 2009), Ekströmisen, Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during German expedition "Antarktis IV"1985/86.
68	Georg von Neumayer (1826-1909), Director of the Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg, and promoter of various Polar expeditions.	A chain of cliffs comprising Årmåryggen, Vestvorren with Gockelkamm, Austvorren and Mellebynuten, in the NE of Kirwanveggen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

1	Neuschwabenland	25	Land	-72,0000000	5,0000000		1952-JUL-12	Germany
551	Niagara-Eisfälle	28, 30, 31	Icefall	-72,8333333	165,6833333	2600	1985-APR-19	Germany
517	Nicks Nase	28, 30, 31	Point	-72,8333333	166,2166667	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany
541	Nigglifirnfeld	28, 30, 31	Névé	-72,7166667	167,0166667	2500	1985-APR-19	Germany
113	Nordkap	9, 30, 31	Cape	-66,7833333	89,2000000	50	1985-APR-19	Germany
599	Nördliche Collinsmoräne	30, 31, 32	Moraine	-62,1500000	-58,9166667	70	1985-APR-19	Germany
600	Nordpassage	30, 31, 32	Passage	-62,1833333	-58,9166667	60	1985-APR-19	Germany
31	Nordwestinsel	25	Mountain	-71,4500000	11,5833333	1881	1952-JUL-12	Germany
601	Nordwestplattform	30, 31, 32	Plateau	-62,1833333	-58,9666667	40	1985-APR-19	Germany
602	Normbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9166667		1985-APR-19	Germany
604	Normsee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,1833333	-58,9333333	60	1985-APR-19	Germany
521	Norücken	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-73,5333333	166,9333333	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany

1	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
551	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
517	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
541	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
113	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß", G. Reimer, Berlin; Drygalski, E. v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, vol. I, no. 1-4, Vereinig. Wissensch. Verleger, Berlin and Leipzig, 1905-1921; Drygalski, E.v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, Geographie und Geologie, vol. II, no. 1-7, G. Reimer, Berlin, 1906-1912; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
599	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
600	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
31	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
601	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
602	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
604	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
521	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

1	The discovered land was named "Neuschwabenland" referring to the expedition vessel "Schwabenland"; Schwaben is a large region in S Germany.	The area explored by the two Dornier flying boats "Boreas" and "Passat"; the surveyed area ranges from about 15° W to 15°E and from the coastline to about 74° S of which large parts were photogrammetrically covered, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
551	Getting the impression of the Niagara water falls.	Huge icefalls falling from Evans Névé to Mariner Glacier, S of The Plejades, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
517	Nick Schnidrig, Swiss helicopter mechanics during Ganovex III.	A knob in Lawrence Hills, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
541	Paul Niggli (1888-1953), Swiss mineralogist, Professor at the universities of Leipzig, Tübingen and Zürich (ETH).	A large névé of 8 km x 12 km extent being the accumulation zone of Wilhelm Glacier and Trainer Glacier, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
113	Northern cape.	The N-most spur of the nunatak Gaußberg located at the coastline, 550 m ENE of Kap Lewald, Westbucht, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (English name Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
599	Collins, presumably the name of a sealer in the early 19th century and name giver of Collins Harbour, King George Island; specific name part of Collinseinskappe (deu) and Glaciar Collins (spa); this feature was earlier named as Malyj kupol (rus), Kopuła Bellingshausena (pol) and Bellingshausen Dome (eng). Fildes Peninsula, King George Island.	Moraine at the N foot of Bellingshausen Dome (eng)/Collinseiskappe (deu) on Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
600	Northern passage.	A passage between Davies Heights and Bellingshausen Dome (eng)/Collinseiskappe (deu), Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
31	The insular outlier at the NW extremity of the complex of mountain ranges of Wohlthatmassiv.	Mostly moraine-covered hills at the N most part (Norwegian name Nordvestøya) of Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
601	North-west plateau.	An elongated plain at the W coast of Fildes Peninsula, ranging from Horatiobucht in the SW to Gletscherbucht in the NW, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
602		A creek flowing into Norma Cove, NE coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
604		A pond, draining into Normbach, in the NE of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
521	"Doctor No", character in a novel by Ian Fleming and nickname of a member of Ganovex III.	A ridge of a massif in the SE part of Mountaineer Range S of the ridge Kreuzkamm, flowed round by Suter Glacier and Browngletscher, the latter confluencing with wylde Glacier, Lady Newnes Bay, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

18	Obersee	25	Water body	-71,2833333	13,6500000	795	1952-JUL-12	Germany
136	Oceanainsel	12, 30, 31	Nunatak	-65,1333333	-59,7833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
697	Oleschnunatak	79, 80, 82	Nunatak	-80,4333333	-21,6833333	1300	1994-MAY-10	Germany
440	OSA-Bucht	27, 30, 31	Cove	-70,7833333	166,6666667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
115	Ostbucht	9, 30, 31	Bay	-66,8166667	89,6166667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
721	Österreichspitze	115, 116, 117	Mountain	-71,8744167	8,9140556	2177	2012-JUN-01	Austria
37	Östliche Petermannkette	25, 30, 31	Range	-71,4166667	12,6666667	2257	1985-APR-19	Germany
27	Östliches Hochfeld	25	Névé	-71,8333333	12,1666667	2300	1952-JUL-12	Germany
3	Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge	25, 30, 31	Range	-71,3666667	13,4166667	2791	1985-APR-19	Germany
80	Passat	25	Nunatak	-71,3000000	-3,9166667	145	1952-JUL-12	Germany
718	Patzeltsporn	112, 113, 114	Spur	-74,4166667	-10,1183333	1700	2010-MAY-28	Germany

18	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
136	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
697	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
440	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
115	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (Hrsg)(1905-1921): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903. I. Band, Geographie, Heft 1-4, Tafel XVI. - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
721	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
37	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
27	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
3	Published by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main (see page 35). - Initially named "Zentrales Wohlthat-Massiv" which was approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
80	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
718	Applied for name approval on 2010-FEB-03; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.

18	Lake located at a higher level, compared to the lake "Untersee" located at a lower level.	Obersee (Norwegian name Øvresjøen), confined by the mountains Seekopf and Sjøneset, located at the NE extremity of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, is a permanently frozen melt-water lake located at a higher level than the lake Untersee, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
136	Named after the Norwegian Whaling Company A/S Oceana.	Reported as an island but very likely the nunatak lying at the NW corner of Robertsoninsel, Robbeninseln, off the E coast of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
697	Martin Olesch, German geologist during several Antarctic expeditions, Professor at the University of Bremen.	The nunatak is located in Central Pioneers Escarpment, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Surveyed during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
440	OSA, acrnym of Offshore Supply Association, London/Aberdeen, charter company of the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm".	A cove at the mouth of O'Hara Glacier, Yule Bay, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
115	Eastern bay.	A bay located E of the nunatak Gaußberg, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
721	Named Österreich (Austria) as a memento to the nationality of the three expedition members.	The S peak of three neighbouring mountain peaks (the two others are "Tiroler Spitze" and "Steirerturm") at the summit of Sœtherrindane, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-18 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
37	August Heinrich Petermann (1822-1878), German geographer, cartographer and publisher of the geographic journal "Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen".	The E mountain chain (Norwegian name austre Petermannkjeda) of Petermannketten, ranging from the mountain Schneide at the N extremity, Deildenapen and Lyrittaren in the centre to Deildegasten at the S extremity, surrounded by the glaciers (austre) Svarthornbreen in the W and Deildebreen in the E, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
27	Eastern upland.	A névé (Norwegian name austre Høgskeidet) located between the S part of Westliche Petermannkette (Zwieselberg and Grabenhorn) in the W and the S parts of the range søre Petermannkjeda in the E, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
3	Otto von Gruber (1884-1942), German surveyer and photogrammetris, who plotted the first topographic map of the 1938/39 expedition from aerial photograpghy.	The mountain region (Norwegian name Gruberfjella) is the E extremity of Wohlthatmassiv and comprises the mountains and ridges Ødegaardhøgda, Schichtberge, Ritschergipfel, Zuckerhut, Zimmermannberg, Steinmulen, Bastei, Mentzelberg, Todtriegel, Seekopf and the lakes Obersee and Untersee. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
80	Passat, name of one of two expedition's flying boats (the other: "Boreas"), type Dornier Wal (10t).	Passat, the E nunatak of two adjacent ones (the other: "Boreas"), Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
718	Gernot Patzelt (* 1939), Austrian geographer, leader of four expeditions to Heimefrontfjella carried out from 1985/86 to 1993/94.	A spur located in a steep icefall, approx. 400 m long and up to 100 m wide; belongs to the group of nunataks in the SW part of Kottasberge, located between Krogh-Johanssenberga and Steenstruphorten, Heimefrontfjella, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Geologically surveyed and mapped during the expedition to Heimefrontfjella in 2000/01.

74	Paulsenberge	25	Mountain	-72,1666667	1,3333333	2529	1952-JUL-12	Germany
7	Payergruppe	25	Mountain	-72,0000000	14,5833333	2760	1952-JUL-12	Germany
489	Pazifikblick	28, 30, 31	Terrace	-70,3833333	161,0166667	400	1985-APR-19	Germany
511	Pedersenberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8333333	166,4000000	2450	1985-APR-19	Germany
439	Pegmatitgrat	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,1666667	164,4833333	810	1985-APR-19	Germany
106	Penckgletscher	6, 30, 31	Glacier	-77,8833333	-34,8000000	200	1985-APR-19	Germany
67	Penckmulde	25	Ice stream	-73,0000000	-3,0000000	1600	1952-JUL-12	Germany
130	Petermanninsel	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1666667	-64,1666667	150	1985-APR-19	Germany
4	Petermannketten	25	Range	-71,6666667	12,3333333	2900	1952-JUL-12	Germany
651	Pfeiffernunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-72,1833333	160,5166667	1900	1989-MAR-28	Germany
116	Philippibank	9, 30, 31	Bank	-66,7500000	89,0000000		1985-APR-19	Germany

74	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
7	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
489	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
511	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
439	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
106	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
67	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
130	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
4	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
651	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
116	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (Hrsg)(1905-1921): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903. I. Band, Geographie, Heft 1-4, Tafel XVI. - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

74	Karl-Heinz Paulsen (1909-1941), oceanographer of the expedition.	Groups of mountains and nunataks comprising the N-most located nunatak Holane, Brattskarvett, Vendeholten and Vendehö, in the NE of H.U.Sverdrupfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
7	Julius von Payer (1841-1915), Austrian Polar explorer.	SE of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge and E of Weyprechtberge,the E and S-most group of ridges and nunataks (Norwegian name Payerfjella) explored during the 1938/39 expedition comprises Kvœvefjellet, Kvœvenutane, Spraglegga, Linnormen and Steinfila, Hoelfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
489	A snow-free terrace enabling a view to the South Pacific.	Terrace on the NE-most peninsula (SW of Blohmhügel) of Kavrayskiy Hills, bordering the confluence of Serrat Glacier with the tongue of Rennick Glacier, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
511	Per Pedersen, officer of the expedition vessel "Polar Queen".	Highest peak of Lawrence Peaks, N of Kotheberg and NE of Brandalberg, facing Seafarer Glacier in the E, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
439	Named for frequently occurring pegmatite veins in the ridge.	The ridge is extending as a mountain spur in the W of Everett Range into Lillie Glacier, Concord Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
106	Albrecht Penck (1858-1945), German geographer and geologist; detecting and proving the triple glaciation of Middle Europe; in 1891 he called for the production of a World Map Series at 1.000.000 scale.	A small outlet glacier originated in Touchdown Hills, flowing between the two nunataks of Bertrabnunatakker and Belgrano II Station, confluencing with Lerchenfeldgletscher and Schweitzergletscher and draining into Herzog-Ernst-Bucht, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, Weddell Sea. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
67	Albrecht Penck (1858-1945), German geographer and geologist; detecting and proving the triple glaciation of Middle Europe; in 1891 he called for the production of a World Map Series at 1.000.000 scale.	The ice stream (Norwegian name Pencksökket) has its origin SW of Kirwanveggen in the high plains of Ritscherflya, passing Neumayersteilwand in the E and Spießgipfel in the W before confluencing with Jutulstraumen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
130	August Heinrich Petermann (1822-1878), German geographer, cartographer and publisher of the geographic journal "Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen".	S-most island of the Vedel Islands, at the end of the Lemaire Channel, NE of the Argentine Iaslands, Kaiser-Wilhelm-Inseln, Graham Coast, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
4	August Heinrich Petermann (1822-1878), German geographer, cartographer and publisher of the geographic journal "Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen".	A group of three parallel N-S oriented mountain ranges (Norwegian name Petermannkjeda) including the ranges Westliche Petermannkette, Mittlere Petermannkette, Östliche Petermannkette as well as the NNE-SSW oriented range søre Petermannkjeda, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land; during the 1938/39 expedition the naming of "Petermannketten" did cover the area of all four ranges, however, without explicitly naming the S range; this happened later by Norwegian and American cartographers. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
651	Dietrich Pfeiffer, longstanding editor of the Geological Yearbook.	Nunatak, 15 km NE of Welcome Mountain, Outback Nunataks, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
116	Emil Philippi (1871-1910), German geologist during the expedition.	A shallow bank in the bay Westbucht, off the coast of Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).

698	Pilgerberg	79, 80, 82	Mountain	-74,7000000	162,6333333	2050	1994-MAY-10	Germany
522	Pillowlavaspitze	28, 30, 31	Peak	-73,4666667	167,1333333	730	1985-APR-19	Germany
652	Polar-3-Halbinsel	33, 41, 43, 73	Peninsula	-74,5666667	165,3666667	500	1989-MAR-28	Germany
109	Posadowskybai	9, 30, 31	Bay	-66,5000000	90,0000000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
710	Potsdamgletscher	95, 96, 97	Glacier	-70,8333333	12,6666667	800	1999-JUN-18	Germany
58	Preuschoffrücken	25	Range	-72,0833333	4,0000000	2785	1952-JUL-12	Germany
97	Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land	6, 30, 31	Coast	-77,5000000	-35,0000000	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany
520	Profilgrat	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-73,0166667	166,0000000	2500	1985-APR-19	Germany
437	Pyritterrasse	27, 30, 31	Terrace	-70,7000000	162,2333333	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
83	Regulakette	25	Range	-72,6000000	-3,0000000	2702	1952-JUL-12	Germany
653	Reichelnunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-73,1166667	161,2500000	2250	1989-MAR-28	Germany
683	Reinwarthhöhe	58, 62, 63	Height	-78,3166667	-46,4666667	730	1992-SEP-22	Germany
435	Richter-Eispiedmont	27, 30, 31	Piedmont	-70,6000000	165,2500000	150	1985-APR-19	Germany
436	Rieckvorgebirge	27, 30, 31	Headland	-70,5666667	164,2500000	400	1985-APR-19	Germany

698	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
522	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
652	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
109	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß", G. Reimer, Berlin; Drygalski, E. v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, vol. I, no. 1-4, Vereinig. Wissensch. Verleger, Berlin and Leipzig, 1905-1921; Drygalski, E.v. (ed.): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903, Geographie und Geologie, vol. II, no. 1-7, G. Reimer, Berlin, 1906-1912; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
710	Applied for name approval on 1999-JAN-14; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1999-MAR-10; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
58	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
97	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Published also in Glaciological Map 1:2,000,000 Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis (30 January to 14 March 1986), Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie (IfAG), Frankfurt am Main, 1987; - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
520	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
437	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
83	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
653	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
683	Applied for name approval on 1991-JUN-05; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1991-OCT-31; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. Name published on Topographic Map 1:1,000,000 Berkner Island ST 21-24, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1991.
435	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
436	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

698	Andreas Pilger (1910-1997), German geologist, Professor at the Technical University of Clausthal.	Mountain in Explorers Range, Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
522	Summit of a mountain consisting of pillow lava.	Peak on Spatulate Ridge, E of Suter Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
652	Polar 3, survey aircraft during Ganovex IV, shot-down by a missile over the Western Sahara on the return flight from Antarctica.	Peninsula SE of Mount Melbourne, Cape Washington at ist tip, Terra Nova Bay, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
109	Arthur Graf von Posadowsky-Wehner ((1845-1932), Undersecretary in the Ministry of Interior, promoter of the expedition.	Assigned in 1901 to a large bay E of ice shelf Westeis (English name West Ice Shelf), Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (English name Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
710	Potsdam, Capital of the Land Brandenburg, Germany; for more than a century Potsdam was and is a centre of geo-scientific research.	The glacier flows from ist head (-71,2°lat, +11°long) between the N extremity of Wohlthatmassiv and the nunataks of Lingetoppane in NE direction, turning to S-N direction, passing Schirmacheroase, and flowing into Nivlisen, Prinsesse Astrid Kyst, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during a field campaign 1997/98 for ERS1/2 Satellite Interferometry when intensive measurements were carried out on the glacier resulting in a consolidated outline of the glacier's catchment area.
58	Franz Preuschoff, aircraft mechanics of the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Passat".	The range (Norwegian name Hochlinfjellet) is located in the central S part of Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, E of Ruhnkeberg, NW of Kayekamm and W of Bundermannketten, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
97	Luitpold Karl Joseph Wilhelm von Bayern (1821-1912), Prinzregent of Bavaria from 1886 to 1912, promoter of the expedition.	The discovered coastal continental area ranging from Caird Coast up to Wiedenmanngletscher (78°10' S, 35° E) at the NW extremity of Touchdown Hills, and the shelf ice front of Filchnerschelfeis, Coats Land, Weddell Sea. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner; named at the first "Land in sight" on 1912-JAN-30.
520	A long, narrow ridge exposing an important geological section.	The E-W heading ridge is located in the NW of Marinerplateau, Mountaineer Range, Southern Cross Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
437	A terraced outcrop where pyrite exists in abundance.	The terrace is located at the confluence of Traversegletscher with Arruiz Glacier, facing Frolov Ridge in the W, Explorer Range, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
83	Herbert Regula (1910-1980), meteorologist of the expedition.	A SW-NE striking mountain range comprising Dugurdspiggen, Ytstenut, Fasettfjellet, Flogstallen, and Jökulskarvet, centrally located in Borgmassivet, E of Seilkopfberge and NW of Spießgipfel, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
653	Werner Reichel, helicopter pilot during Ganovex IV.	Nunatak at the S extension of Sequence Hills, bordering Thierbachfirnfeld, Rennick Névé, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
683	Oskar ("Ossi") Reinwarth (1929-2018), German glaciologist, co-initiator of the German glaciological Antarctic programme.	Highest point of the N part of Berkner Island, Filchner-Ronne-Schelfeis. Feature detected by interpretation of Landsat-4/-5 satellite imagery taken from 1986-JAN-31 to 1988-MAR-13
435	Hans Richter, officer on the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm" during Ganovex I.	The ice piedmont is bordered by Davis Ice Piedmont and McMahon Glacier in the E and by Zykov Glacier and Rieckvorgebirge in the W, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
436	Udo Rieck (1938-2016), Captain of the expedition vessel "Schepelsturm" during Ganovex I.	Headland N of Anare Mountains, surrounded by Zykov Glacier in the E, Hessengletscher and George Glacier in the S, and Lillie Glacier Tongue in the W, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).

14	Ritschergipfel	25	Peak	-71,4000000	13,3333333	2791	1952-JUL-12	Germany
65	Ritscherhochland	25	Land	-72,5000000	-3,5000000	2717	1952-JUL-12	Germany
135	Robbeninseln	12, 30, 31	Island	-65,0000000	-60,2166667	250	1985-APR-19	Germany
132	Robertsoninsel	12, 30, 31	Island	-65,1666667	-59,6000000	250	1985-APR-19	Germany
87	Röbkeberg	25	Nunatak	-73,1333333	-4,4666667	2225	1952-JUL-12	Germany
654	Rolandpass	33, 41, 43, 73	Pass	-73,5333333	162,5833333	2200	1989-MAR-28	Germany
124	Roosenstraße	11, 12, 30, 31	Channel	-64,4500000	-63,4500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
123	Rosenthalinseln	11, 12, 30, 31	Island	-64,6000000	-64,2833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
720	Roteck	115, 116, 117	Cliff	-71,8453333	8,8630556	1687	2012-JUN-01	Austria
59	Ruhnkeberg	25	Ridge	-72,1333333	3,6666667	2533	1952-JUL-12	Germany

14	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
65	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
135	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
132	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
87	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
654	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
124	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
123	First published by Petermann, A.(1875): Deutsche Entdeckungen am Südpol, Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen 21: p 312; - Publication with accompanying maps by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarkische Meer 1893/94 und die wissenschaftlichen Ergebnisse dieser Reisen, mit einer Karte von L. Friedrichsen, in: Mitt. der Geographischen Gesellschaft Hamburg, 245-298; Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
720	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
59	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

14	Alfred Ritscher (1879-1963), Expedition Leader of the German Antarctic Expedition 1938/38.	A prominent peak (Norwegian name Ritschertind) standing 4 km NW of Zuckerhut, 6 km SE of Bastei and 6 km ENE of Schichtberge, Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
65	Alfred Ritscher (1879-1963), Expedition Leader of the German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39.	Highland at the W border of Neuschwabenland, comprising the mountainous ranges W of Jutustraumen: Giæverryggen, Ahlmannryggen, Borgmassivet, Kirwanveggen, and Heimefrontfjella, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
135	Robben = seals.	A group of about 15 islands (previously also named as nunataks) off the Nordenskjöld Coast, E side of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during the expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
132	William Robertson († 1897), co-owner of the Hamburg company Woltereck & Robertson and sponsor of the expedition.	The ice-covered island, 25 km by 10 km large, is the largest one of Robbeninsekn, 55 km SE located of Nordenskjöld Coast, E side of Antarctic Peninsula, Weddell Sea. Discovered during the expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
87	Karl-Heinz Röbke, officer on the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	An isolated nunatak (Norwegian name Isbrynet) between Kirwanveggen and Borgmassivet, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
654	Norbert Roland, German geologist during Ganovex II-IV.	Passage between Gair Mesa and Vantage Hills, linking the heads of Rennick Glacier and Campbell Glacier, Deep Freeze Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
124	Named after a Hamburg patrician who contributed towards the cost of the expedition.	The channel (English name Neumayer Channel, French name Chenal de Neumayer) is 30 km long in NE-SW direction and about 1 to 3 km wide, separating Anvers Island from Wiencke Island and Doumer Island, ending in Bismarckstraße and Gerlache Strait, Danco Coast, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
123	Albert Rosenthal (1828-1882), initiator and organizer of the expedition.	Islands at the W coast of Anvers Island, 15 km SW of Hamburghafen and 15 km NE of Cape Monaco and Gosslerinsel, Palmer Archipelago, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1873/74 under Captain Eduard Dallmann (1830-1896).
720	A descriptive name because of the advanced position of the mountain and the red colour of the rocks.	A pyramid-shaped peak at the W entrance to Steinskaret and at the NW extremity of Sœtherrindane, Nupsskarvet, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-17 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
59	Herbert Ruhnke (1914-1945), radio operator onboard the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Passat".	The ridge comprises the mountain chain of Festninga and the nunataks of Øvrevollen, E of Gjelsvikfjella and W of Preuschoffrücken, Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

677	Rüsseleishöcker	46, 50, 51	Ice rumple	-70,6500000	-8,1333333	40	1990-APR-02	Germany
536	Sanderpass	28, 30, 31	Pass	-71,9166667	163,7333333	1450	1985-APR-19	Germany
64	Sauterriegel	25	Escarpment	-72,1666667	2,7500000	2678	1952-JUL-12	Germany
655	Scharfenberg	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-74,1833333	162,7333333	800	1989-MAR-28	Germany
705	Schauinsland	86, 87, 90	Peak	-68,1000000	-67,0166667	473	1997-MAY-23	Germany
434	Schepelsturmkliff	27, 30, 31	Cliff	-70,8000000	167,7500000	300	1985-APR-19	Germany
16	Schichtberge	25	Mountain	-71,4333333	13,1166667	2420	1952-JUL-12	Germany
605	Schiffsbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9000000		1985-APR-19	Germany
606	Schiffsbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1833333	-58,9000000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
535	Schindewolfgletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-71,4666667	164,4833333	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
40	Schirmacheroase	25	Water body	-70,7500000	11,6666667	205	1952-JUL-12	Germany
656	Schmidhöhe	33, 41, 43, 73	Height	-74,6500000	163,9833333	460	1989-MAR-28	Germany
607	Schneebach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany

677	published on Maps of Ice Shelf Kinematics at 1:500.000 scale, Ekstömisen SR 29-30/SW, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1989; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1990-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
536	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
64	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
655	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
705	Applied for name approval 1996-AUG-01; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1996-OCT-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
434	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
16	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
605	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
606	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
535	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
40	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
656	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
607	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

677	Shaped like an elephant's trunk.	Ice rumples forming the W border of Atka Iceport; 8 km E of the German Research Station "Georg von Neumayer I" (inaugurated in 1981) and 5 km E of "Neumayer-Station III" (inaugurated in 2009), Ekströmisen, Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during German expedition "Antarktis IV"1985/86.
536	Bruno Sander (1884-1979), Austrian structural petrologist, Proferssor at the University of Innsbruck.	A passage from Canham Glacier to Black Glacier between Salamander Range in the S and Crown Hills in the N, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
64	Siegfried Sauter (1916-2008), aerial photographer of the expedition.	A markedly structured escarpment (Norwegian name Terningskarvet) in the S of Gjelsvikfjella, Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
655	Scharfenberg, an island situated in the lake "Tegeler See" in the NW of Berlin, Capital of Germany.	Nunatak at the junction of Havelgletscher with Priestley Glacier, Albert Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
705	Named in accordance to the mountain "Schauinsland" ("Panoramic view of the area") located in the mountain chain "Schwarzwald" (Black Forest), Germany.	W-most mountain peak of Butson Ridge (eng)/cordón Molinero (spa), separating Northeast Glacier from McClary Glacier, Marguerite Bay, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Important survey reference and viewpoint for geoscientific work during a field campaign 1994/95 of the Institue for Geography, University of Freiburg, Baden-Württemberg, Germany.
434	Named after the expedition vessel during Ganovex I.	Cliffs at the NE side of Tapsell Foreland, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
16	Stratum mountains.	A prominent mountain (Norwegian name Sjiktberga) with several summits facing the glacier Deildebreen and Östliche Petermannkette in the W of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, 10 km NE of Ødegaardhøgda and 10 km WSW of Ritschergipfel, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
605	Schiff = ship	Glacial stream, fed by Bellingshausen Dome (eng)/Collinseiskappe (deu), flowing into Schiffsbucht, in the NE of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
606	Schiff = ship	Cove at the NE end of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
535	Otto H. Schindewolf (1896-1971), German palaeontologist, Professor at the University of Tübingen.	The glacier is confluencing with Campness Glacier before flowing into Lillie Glacier, Copperstain Ridge with Mount Freed in the W and Mount Radspinner in the E, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
40	Richardheinrich Schirmacher, pilot of the expedition's Dornier flying boat "Boreas".	A snow- and ice-free area (Norwegian name Schirmacheroasen), 25 km N of the nunataks Lingetoppane and 70 km N of Wohlthatmassiv, with a large number of fresh-water lakes near the grounding line of the ice shelf Nivlisen, Prinsesse Astrid Kyst, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land; initially named "Schirmacherseenplatte" (translated "Schirmacher's lake district"). Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
656	Josef Schmid († 1985-FEB-24), aircraft mechanics during Ganovex IV, killed at the return flight of the survey aircraft "Polar 3" over the Western Sahara by a missile shoot-down.	Height of Northern Foothills, SW of Mount Browning, facing Gerlache Inlet, Terra Nova Bay, Scott Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
607	Schnee = snow	Creek at the W coast of Fildes Peninsula, flowing into Bothy Bay, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.

735	Schneeglocke	121, 122, 123	Mountain	-71,8211667	8,9823333	2127	2019-JUN-14	Austria
608	Schneesee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,1666667	-58,9500000	50	1985-APR-19	Germany
22	Schneide	25, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,3333333	12,6000000	2004	1985-APR-19	Germany
23	Schneidengruppe	25, 30, 31	Peak	-71,3500000	12,4000000	1925	1985-APR-19	Germany
512	Schnidrighorn	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8666667	166,2833333	2150	1985-APR-19	Germany
507	Schönenberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,6333333	162,9500000	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany
609	Schrammenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
85	Schubertgipfel	25	Range	-72,7833333	-3,7166667	2579	1952-JUL-12	Germany
494	Schuberthügel	28, 30, 31	Hill	-70,5833333	161,2333333	450	1985-APR-19	Germany
94	Schulzhöhen	25	Heights	-74,1000000	-6,5000000	2520	1952-JUL-12	Germany
732	Schüsselkarspitze	121, 122, 123	Mountain	-71,5534833	11,6432444	1900	2019-JUN-14	Austria
498	Schutzhafen	28, 30, 31	Anchorage	-73,3000000	169,1500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany

735	Applied for name approval on 2019-FEB-27; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2019-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
608	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
22	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
23	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.- Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
512	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
507	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
609	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
85	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
494	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
94	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
732	Applied for name approval on 2019-FEB-27; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2019-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
498	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

735	On one side the peak is covered by snow shaped like a church bell.	The peak lies in close SE vicinity to the pass Fensterpass and NE of the imposing butte Würfelturm in the central part of Vinten-Johansenegga, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2019-JAN-06 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called International Queen Maud Land Expedition 2018/19.
608	Schnee = snow	Pond, draining into Schneebach and Seebärenbach at the W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
22	Mountain ridge like a knife edge.	A solitary mountain (Norwegian name Madsensåta) at the N end of the range Östliche Petermannkette, rising up from the glacier Svarthornbreen at its W side, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
23	Group of edged peaks.	A cluster of detached peaks (Norwegian name Johnsonhorna) which mark the N extremity of Mittlere Petermannkette, flowed round by the glaciers vestre Svarthornbreen in the W and Svarthornbreen in the E, 2 km W of the solitary mountain Schneide, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
512	Nick Schnidrig, Swiss helicopter mechanics during Ganovex III.	W-most peak of Lawrence Peaks, W of Kotheberg and Brandalberg, facing Mariner Glacier in the W, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
507	Reinhard Schönenberg (1913-1996), German geologist, Professor at the University of Tübingen, Baden-Württemberg, Germany.	W of Mount Bernstein, surrounded by the accumulation zones of Orr Glacier in the N and Linder Glacier in the S, both flowing into Rennick Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
609	Schrammen = glacial grooves.	Creek flowing into Drake Passage, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
85	Otto von Schubert (1886-1971), Head of the Department Nautics at Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg.	A mountain chain S of Seilkopfberge and SW of Regulakette, comprising Högfonnaksla and Skoddemedet, Borgmassivet, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
494	Wolfgang Schubert, German petrologist during Ganovex III, Professor at the University of Würzburg.	Highest peak of the S-most located peninsula of Kavrayskiy Hills, facing the tongue of Rennick Glacier, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
94	Robert Schulz, engineer on the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	The escarpment (Norwegian name Ladfjella) is the SW-most part of Kirwanveggen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
732	The specific name part "Schüssel" refers to the existing German name of the basin "In der Schüssel", named during the German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 under Filchner.	A mountain lying at the margin of the basin "In der Schüssel", in close SE vicinity to the pass "Am Überlauf". The top peak shows a distinct darker colour than the surrounding snow-free rock. Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2017-NOV-14 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called International Queen Maud Land Expedition 2017.
498	Sheltered anchorage used by Scott 1901-1904, used again during Ganovex III.	Anchorage between Borchgrevink Glacier Tongue and Cape Jones, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

433	Schwabengletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,8833333	165,8333333	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany
659	Schwackenunatak	33, 41, 43, 73	Nunatak	-72,8666667	163,6166667	2000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
19	Schwarze Hörner	25	Peak	-71,5833333	12,5666667	2488	1952-JUL-12	Germany
657	Schwarze Pyramide	33, 41, 43, 73	Pyramid	-72,4833333	160,4166667	2100	1989-MAR-28	Germany
504	Schwarze Spinne	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-73,3666667	166,8666667	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany
105	Schweitzergletscher	6, 30, 31	Glacier	-77,8333333	-34,5000000	500	1985-APR-19	Germany
610	Seebärenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
612	See-Elefanten-Bach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1500000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
613	See-Elefanten-Bucht	30, 31, 32	Bay	-62,1500000	-58,9500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
12	Seekopf	25	Mountain	-71,2833333	13,7000000	1300	1952-JUL-12	Germany
614	Seeschwalbenbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
84	Seilkopfberge	25	Mountains	-72,6333333	-3,6666667	2717	1952-JUL-12	Germany
552	Shardikberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,8666667	162,7666667	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany
496	Shardikrücken	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-70,8666667	162,9166667	2000	1985-APR-19	Germany
484	Sheilaberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,5833333	162,5666667	1850	1985-APR-19	Germany

433	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
659	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
19	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
657	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
504	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
105	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
610	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
612	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
613	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
12	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
614	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
84	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
552	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
496	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
484	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

433	Schwaben is a large region in S Germany.	Glacier located between Ganovex-Kette and Stillekette, confluencing with McMahon Glacier, Anare Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
659	Friedrich Schwacke, pilot during Ganovex IV.	Nunatak between Intention Nunataks and Solo Nunatak, E of the N foothills of Mesa Range, Between Evans Névé in the E and Rennick Glacier in the W. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
19	Black horn-shaped peaks.	Several black peaks (Norwegian name Svarthorna) on the ridge of the S end of Mittlere Petermannkette, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
657	Black pyramid-shaped nunatak.	Nunatak, 1 km N of Mount Chadwick, 4 km ESE of Mount Walton, Outback Nunataks, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
504	Dark, ice-free ridge shaped like a spider ("Spinne").	N end of the SSE-NNW striking branch of the ridge Kreuzkamm, facing Meander Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
105	Georg Schweitzer (1850-1940), German explorer, Chairman of the Expedition Committee of the 2nd Antarctic Expedition 1911/12.	The glacier drains parts of Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land W of Littlewood Nunataks and is confluencing with Lerchenfeldgletscher and Penckgletscher, forming a glacier tongue in Herzog-Ernst-Bucht, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, Weddell Sea. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
610	Seebär = fur seal.	Creek flowing into Bothy Bay, central NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
612	See-Elefant = sea elephant.	Creek flowing into See-Elefanten-Bucht, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
613	See-Elefant = sea elephant.	Bay at the NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
12	Mountain head surmounting a lake .	A peak surmounting the E side of the lake Obersee, E extremity of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
614	Seeschwalbe = sea swallow, tern.	Creek flowing into Skuabucht, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin
84	Heinrich Seilkopf (1895-1968), German meteorologist, Director at Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg.	A group of mountains comprising the mountains Borga, Högsætet, Raudberget, Högskavlen, and Seilkopffjella; Borgmassivet, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
552	Shardik, novel of Richard Adams.	Mountain N of Mount Hager, Bowers Range, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
496	Shardik, novel of Richard Adams.	The N part of a U-shaped ridge with Cendrikhügel and Mount Hager at the bottom of the "U" and surrounding the accumulation zone of Ballgletscher, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
484	Sheila, female partner of the satirical Australian figure Bruce, counterpart to Mount Bruce lying vis-a-vis.	Mountain SE of Mount Bruce, facing in the W the accumulation zone of Gannutz Glacier, Bowers Range, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

679	Sicheleishöcker	46, 50, 51	Ice rumple	-70,6000000	-7,4166667	40	1990-APR-02	Germany
485	Silvesterberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,5166667	162,1166667	1040	1985-APR-19	Germany
615	Skuabach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1833333	-58,9833333		1985-APR-19	Germany
616	Skuabucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1833333	-58,9833333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
719	Spaethpfeiler	112, 113, 114	Pillar	-74,3233333	-9,6216667	1665	2010-MAY-28	Germany
30	Sphinxkopf	25	Mountain	-71,4500000	11,9500000	1825	1952-JUL-12	Germany
86	Spießgipfel	25	Nunatak	-72,9666667	-3,8333333	2416	1952-JUL-12	Germany
658	Spreegletscher	33, 41, 43, 73	Glacier	-74,0166667	162,7000000	2600	1989-MAR-28	Germany
704	Stäbleinsee	83, 84, 85	Water body	-67,8166667	-67,3166667		1995-MAY-23	Germany
708	Stecherwand	92, 93, 97	Escarpment	-73,8000000	165,7000000	800	1999-JUN-18	Germany
617	Steinbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2000000	-58,9333333		1985-APR-19	Germany
82	Steinkuppen	25	Nunatak	-71,6666667	-1,5000000	1178	1952-JUL-12	Germany
727	Steinskar-Nunatak Nord	115, 116, 117	Nunatak	-71,8665556	8,9766389	1845	2012-JUN-01	Austria

679	published on Maps of Ice Shelf Kinematics at 1:500.000 scale, Ekstömisen SR 29-30/SW, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1989; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1990-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
485	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
615	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
616	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
719	Applied for name approval on 2010-FEB-03; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
30	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
86	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
658	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
704	Applied for name approval 1994-JAN-29; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1995-MAR-17; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
708	Applied for names approval on 1997-NOV-07; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1998-OCT-20; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
617	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
82	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
727	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.

679	Shaped like a sickle with blade and handle.	Ice rumples forming the E border of Atka Iceport, Ekströmisen, Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land . Named during German expedition "Antarktis IV"1985/86.
485	Climbed on New Year's Eve 1982/83.	Peak S of Mount Belolikov of a S-N heading ridge, between Rennick Glacier and Gannutz Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
615		Creek flowing into Skuabucht, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
616		Cove at the central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
719	Gerhard Spaeth (* 1930), German geologist, member of several Antarctic expeditions to Heimefrontfjella, Ahlmannryggen and Shackleton Range.	A rock pillar, approx. 100 m in width and projecting beyond the snow surface by about 150 m; located at the S ascending slope of Leabotnen, between Haukelandnuten and Vikenegga; belongs to the group of nunataks of the N part of Kottasberge, Heimefrontfjella, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Geologically described during expeditions conducted in 1985/86 and 2000/01. Already in 1964/65 a British team of geologists visited the mountain and labelled it as station no. Z 329, but did not propose a specific geographical name.
30	Head of the Sphinx.	The N head (Norwegian name Sfinksskolten) of an elongated N-S heading ridge (Norwegian name Sfinksen) located in the ice stream Humboldtgraben, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
86	Fritz Spieß (1881-1959), President of Deutsche Seewarte, Hamburg.	A group of nunataks comprising Huldreslottet, S-most part of Borgmassivet, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
658	Spree, river flowing through Berlin, tributary of river Havel.	Left tributary of Priestley Glacier, passing Mount Hewson and Mount Shafer, Deep Freeze Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
704	Gerhard Stäblein (1939-1993), German geographer, researcher of physio-geographic phenomena in the Arctic and Antarctic.	Melt water lake on Horseshoe Island, Fallières Coast, Marguerite Bay, W side of the Antarctic Peninsula. Named during geologic and geomorphologic research work in the region of Fallières Coast 1993/94.
708	Named after Robert Stecher (1959-1993) mountain guide of Ganovex V - VII.	Escarpment of 5 km extension and of 800 m height; NE margin of Parker Glacier, Mountaineer Range. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
617		Creek NE of Bellingshausen Station, flowing into the cove "buhta Kamenistaja" (rus), Rocky Cove (eng), Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
82	Willy Stein, bosun on the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	NE part of Ahlmannryggen, comprising the nunataks Utkikken, Straumsnutane, Snökjerringa, Brautnuten, Litvillingane, and Gråsteinen, where Jutulstraumen and Penckmulde are entering the ice shelf Fimbulisen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
727	The specific name part "Stein" refers to the existing Norwegian names Steinskaret and Steinskaregga.	The N nunatak of two, located at the upper slope of the cirque Steinskaret, projecting only a few metres above the snow surface, where Steinskaret is separating Vinten-Johansenegga in the NE from Sœtherrindane in the SW, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Visited and climbed on 2009_NOV-20 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.

726	Steinskar-Nunatak Süd	115, 116, 117	Nunatak	-71,8734167	8,9801944	1846	2012-JUN-01	Austria
723	Steirerturm	115, 116, 117	Mountain	-71,8697500	8,9166389	2170	2012-JUN-01	Austria
490	Sternhügel	28, 30, 31	Hill	-70,4500000	160,9833333	862	1985-APR-19	Germany
432	Stillekette	27, 30, 31	Range	-70,8333333	165,5000000	1800	1985-APR-19	Germany
619	Sturmvogelbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
621	Südberge	30, 31, 32	Hills	-62,2166667	-59,0000000	158	1985-APR-19	Germany
622	Südliche Collinsmoräne	30, 31, 32	Moraine	-62,1833333	-58,9166667	60	1985-APR-19	Germany
623	Südpassage	30, 31, 32	Passage	-62,2166667	-58,9833333	40	1985-APR-19	Germany
699	Tafonipass	79, 80, 82	Pass	-74,7000000	162,6333333	800	1994-MAY-10	Germany
483	Takamurawand	28, 30, 31	Cliff	-70,4500000	161,0000000	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
660	Tessensohnrücken	33, 41, 43, 73	Ridge	-72,5666667	166,6666667	2700	1989-MAR-28	Germany
661	Thierbachfirnfeld	33, 41, 43, 73	Névé	-73,1666667	161,5666667	2000	1989-MAR-28	Germany
443	Thonhauserfelsen	27, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,7166667	163,6166667	1020	1985-APR-19	Germany
684	Thyssenhöhe	59, 62, 63	Height	-79,5666667	-45,7000000	936	1992-SEP-22	Germany

726	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
723	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
490	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
432	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
619	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
621	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
622	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
623	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
699	published 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
483	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
660	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
661	Applied for name approval on 1986-APR-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
443	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
684	Applied for name approval on 1991-NOV-04; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1991-OCT-31; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. Name published on Topographic Map 1:1,000,000 Berkner Island ST 21-24, Institut für Angewandte Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 1991

726	The specific name part "Stein" refers to the existing Norwegian names Steinskaret and Steinskaregga.	The S nunatak of two, located at the upper slope of the cirque Steinskaret, projecting only a few metres above the snow surface, where Steinskaret is separating Vinten-Johansenegga in the NE from Sœtherrindane in the SW, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Visited and climbed on 2009_NOV-20 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
723	Named after Styria as a memento to the citizenship of one expedition member.	The N peak of three neighbouring mountain peaks (the two others are "Tiroler Spitze" and "Österreichspitze") at the summit of Sœtherrindane, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-18 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
490	Tim Stern, New Zealand geophysisist during Ganovex III.	Highest peak of Takamurawand at the W side of Serrat Glacier, Kavrayskiy Hills, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
432	Hans Stille (1876-1966), prominent German geologist; founder of the predecessor of the Zentralinstitut für Physik der Erde (ZIPE).	The mountain chain is striking from Anare Pass and Mount Griffin in the SE to Dwyer Escarpment in the NW; it is flanked by Holsteingletscher, Schwabengletscher and McMahon Glacier at ist right side and Frankengletscher and Zykov Glacier at ist left side, Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
619	Sturmvogel = petrel, albatros.	Creek flowing from Trollberg into Hydrographers Cove, at the SE coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
621	Southern mountains.	Hilly ground in the S of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
622	Collins, presumably the name of a sealer in the early 19th century and name giver (eponym) of Collins Harbour; specific name part of Collinseinskappe (deu) and Glaciar Collins (spa), this feature earlier named Malyj kupol (rus), Kopuła Bellingshausena (pol) and Bellingshausen Dome (eng).	Moraine at the S foot of Bellingshausen Dome (eng)/Collinseiskappe (deu), Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
623	Southern passage.	Passage between Büdelberg in the N and Südberge in the S in the S part of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
699	Tafoni, cavity features that develop in either natural or manmade, vertical to steeply sloping, exposures of granular rock (i.e., granite, sandstone) with smooth concave walls, and often round rims and openings.	Pass where a deep Tafoni cavern exists, pass between Carnein Glacier and Jenagletscher, southern end of Eisenhower Range, Prince Albert Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
483	Toru Takamura, Japanese helicopter mechanics during Ganovex III.	A 10 km long S-N heading cliff on the W side of Serrat Glacier, Kavrayskiy Hills, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
660	Franz Tessensohn (1939-2019), German geopysisist, expedition leader of Ganovex I - III and member of Ganovex IV .	A ca 25 km long ridge, terminating in the E with Mount McCarthy and in the W with Mount Burton, facing the accumulation zone of Trafalgar Glacier in the N as well as the junction with Wood Glacier and Osuga Glacier, Barker Range, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
661	Rudolf Thierbach, German geophysisist during Ganovex IV.	The Névé serves as a passage from Rennick Névé to Rennick Glacier, between Caudal Hills, Brien Rocks and Sequence Hills, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1984/85 (Ganovex IV).
443	Werner Thonhauser, Austrian radio operator and electronics technician during Ganovex I-VII.	Peak in the middle of Platypus Ridge, N of Knaackberg, Bowers Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
684	Franz Thyssen (1932-2009), German geophysisist, initiator of airborne geophysical ice thickness measurement programmes during German Antarctic expeditions. Named in recognition of his indicatory aerophysical measurements over Berkner Island and further large areas in Antarctica.	Highest point in the centre of Berkner Island, Filchner-Ronne -Schelfeis, Weddell Sea. Feature detected by interpretation of Landsat-4/-5 satellite imagery taken from 1986-JAN-31 to 1988-MAR-13

722	Tiroler Spitze	115, 116, 117	Pinnacle	-71,8710556	8,9168333	2201	2012-JUN-01	Austria
9	Todtriegel	25	Ridge	-71,3666667	13,9166667	1760	1952-JUL-12	Germany
431	Tom-Wright-Rücken	27, 30, 31	Ridge	-71,3000000	163,7500000	2000	1985-APR-19	Germany
717	Trapezberg	112, 113, 114	Mountain	-74,4233333	-9,9250000	1945	2010-MAY-28	Germany
430	Traversegletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7333333	162,2000000	800	1985-APR-19	Germany
487	Trighügel	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,4666667	162,1000000	757	1985-APR-19	Germany
529	Trögergletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7000000	162,9500000	1400	1985-APR-19	Germany
625	Trollberg	30, 31, 32	Mountain	-62,2166667	-58,9833333	143	1985-APR-19	Germany
728	Trutzburg	115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120	Butte	-71,9232222	9,0274444	2528	2014-JUN-13	Austria
91	Uhliggipfel	25	Mountain	-73,8333333	-5,1666667	2525	1952-JUL-12	Germany
493	Ulitzka-Landspitze	28, 30, 31	Point	-70,5166667	161,2666667	100	1985-APR-19	Germany
549	Unbestimmter Sporn	28, 30, 31	Spur	-71,6166667	163,3500000	2000	1985-APR-19	Germany

722	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
9	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
431	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
717	Applied for name approval on 2010-FEB-03; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
430	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
487	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
529	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
625	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
728	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2013-MAR-13; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2013-OCT-18; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
91	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland". - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
493	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
549	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

722	Named after Tyrol as a memento to the citizenship of two expedition members.	The middle one of three neighbouring mountain peaks (the two others are "Österreichspitze" and "Steirerturm") at the summit of Sœtherrindane, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-18 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
9	Herbert Todt (1911-2003), secretary of the German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 and assistant of the expedition leader, Alfred Ritscher.	The E-most area (Norwegian name Todtskota) of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, covered by aerial photography taken during the expedition, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
431	Thomas O. Wright, US sedimentologist during Ganovex I - III.	The ridge is surrounded by the pass Bonner Joch, the névé BGR-Firnfeld, Graveson Glacier and Smithson Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
717	A descriptive name of the trapezoidally shaped mountain top.	An isolated mountain of an escarpment; a small plateau on its summit gives the mountain a particular trapezoidal shape; the N flank is projecting approx. 450 m beyond the snow surface of Haugebreen, the S flank only to about 150 m. The mountain belongs to the chain of nunataks in the SW of Heimefrontfjella, 1.2 km SW of Hanssonhorna. Geologically described during expeditions to Heimefrontfjella, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land, conducted in 1985/86 and 2000/01. Already in 1964/65 a British team of geologists visited the mountain and labelled it as station no. Z 382, but did not propose a specific geographical name.
430	Glacier crossed by Ganovex I members on skis.	The glacier is located between Frolov Ridge in the W and Pyritterasse at its right side, confluencing with Arruiz Glacier before flowing into Rennick Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
487	Trigonometric Station.	The N-most mountain (N of Mount Belolikov) of a S-N aligned ridge, separating Rennick Glacier from Gannutz Glacier, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
529	Walter Ehrenreich Tröger (1901-1963) German mineralogist, Professor at the universities of Dresden, Darmstadt and Freiburg im Breisgau.	Glacier S of Astapenko Glacier and N of Lotzegletscher, joining with Chugunov Glacier before emptying into Ob' Bay, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
625	Carl Troll (1899-1975), famous German geographer.	Mountain of the hilly ground "Südberge" in the S of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
728	The mountain presents itself as an impregnable bastion or fortress.	A distinctive high rock monolith lying in the W part of the half-moon-shaped massif Skorvestallen, 1.2 km SW of the butte "Gipfel der Stille". The vertical N face is crisscrossed by cracks and crevices. Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2009-NOV-21 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.
91	Karl Uhlig, Chief Engineer of the expedition vessel "Schwabenland".	NE part of Urfjell, Kirwanveggen, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
493	Stani Ulitzka, German geologist during Ganovex III.	Point of the S-most located peninsula of Kavrayskiy Hills, facing the tongue of Rennick Glacier, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
549	Site where a geological problem remained unsolved ("ungelöst", "unbestimmt").	Spur of Gateway Hills (W of the ridge "Letzte-Chance-Kamm"), facing the catchment zone of Sledgers Glacier, Wisdom Hills and Incisor Ridge in the E, Lanterman Range, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

17	Untersee	25	Water body	-71,3500000	13,4666667	580	1952-JUL-12	Germany
99	Vahselbucht	6, 30, 31	Cove	-77,7166667	-34,8333333	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
442	Vetterstein	27, 30, 31	Mountain	-71,5666667	160,2333333	2150	1985-APR-19	Germany
8	Vorposten	25	Peak	-71,5000000	15,5000000	1890	1952-JUL-12	Germany
626	Walbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,1666667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
627	Walbucht	30, 31, 32	Cove	-62,1666667	-58,9666667	0	1985-APR-19	Germany
628	Walinsel	30, 31, 32	Island	-62,1500000	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany
662	Wallnerspitze	34, 41, 43, 77	Peak	-74,3000000	-9,7333333	1500	1989-MAR-28	Germany
629	Walsee	30, 31, 32	Water body	-62,1666667	-58,9500000	60	1985-APR-19	Germany
737	Watzmann	129, 129a-d	Station	-70,9254900	-7,3930400	450	2021-JUN-01	Germany
66	Wegenerinlandeis	25	Ice sheet	-73,0000000	5,0000000	3000	1952-JUL-12	Germany
711	Weigelnunatak	99, 100, 101	Nunatak	-74,2666667	-9,6166667	1520	2000-SEP-25	Germany

17	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
99	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
442	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
8	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
626	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
627	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
628	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
662	Applied for name approval on 1986-JUL-18; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1988-OCT-12; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
629	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
737	Applied for name approval on 2021-MAY-24; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2021-MAY-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
66	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
711	Applied for name approval on 1999-NOV-22; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 2000-JUN-15; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

17	Lake located at a lower level, compared to the lake "Obersee" located at a higher level.	Untersee (Norwegian name Nedresjøen), located in the centre of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, is a permanently frozen melt-water lake located at a lower level than lake Obersee, confined by the mountains Zimmermannberg and Bastei, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
99	Richard Vahsel (1868-1912), Captain of the erxpedition vessel "Deutschland"; died during the expedition on 1912-AUG-08 at 10 a.m.	A small cove of variable extent at the outflow of Schweitzergletscher, Lerchenfeldgletscher and Penckgletscher flowing into Herzog-Ernst-Bucht, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, Weddell Sea; it is more an inlet or cove than a bay. Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner. The name Vahselbucht (English name Vahsel Bay) is often wrongly used for the large bay Herzog-Ernst-Bucht.
442	Ulrich Vetter (1939-2017), German mineralogist during Ganovex I - III.	Highest Peak of Thompson Spur, SE of Andalusitgrat, Daniels Range, USARP Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
8	Outlying post, picket in a military sense.	An isolated peak about 40 km NE of Payergruppe, named Vorposten because of its location at the eastern extremity of the area explored by the expedition. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
626	Wal = whale.	Creek flowing into Walbucht, central W coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
627	Wal = whale.	Cove at the NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, outlet of Walbach, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
628	Wal = whale.	Island N of Walbucht, NW coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
662	Klaus Wallner (1956-1983), German geophysisist, crew member of the overwintering team 1983/84; was killed in an accident on 1983-DEC-21.	Pre-summit of Schivestolen, Kottasberge (Milorgfjella), Heimefrontfjella, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Named during German Antarctic Expedition 1985/86.
629	Wal = whale.	The N one of three ponds, N of Davies Heights, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
737	Named after the 2713 m high impressive mountain Watzmann located in the SE most part of Bavaria, Germany, as a home-loving, humoristic memento to the Bavarian alpine landscape, not at all existing at this Antarctic location.	A station for long-term seismological measurements. First installation of a 3-component seismometer in 1993/94. Expansion in 1997 to a multi-station measuring field of 2 km diameter, located on the ridge of the W foothills of the ice rise Halvfarryggen, 43 km SE of Neumayer-Station III, 15 km off the grounding line of Halvfarryggen with the ice shelf Ekströmisen, Kronprinsesse Märta Kyst, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land.
66	Alfred Wegener (1880-1930), German meteorologist and Greenland explorer; developed the theory of the continental drift. Name giver of the Alfred-Wegener-Institut.	The continental ice sheet S of the mountain chains of Heimefrontfjella in the W (15° W) and Wohlthatmassiv in the E (15° E); comprises Wegenerisen and Amundsenisen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
711	Named after Ursula Weigel (1961-1998) wintered at the Georg-von-Neumayer station in 1990-91.	A ca 20 m x 40 m sized nunatak projecting about 10 m from the ice surface in the N part of Kottasberge, situated between Waglenabben and Laudalkammen, Heimefrontfjella, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. The nunatak is used since 1986 as a well accessible geodetic control station for scientific measurements; monumented on 1997-FEB-24 with a brass mark.

700	Weihnachtsgrat	79, 80, 82	Spur	-73,5333333	166,7833333	400	1994-MAY-10	Germany	
712	Weimar-Eishöcker	102, 103, 104	Ice rumple	-71,5000000	-7,9500000	150	2002-JUN-21	Germany	
701	Weißenstein	79, 80, 82	Nunatak	-80,4333333	-21,4000000	1100	1994-MAY-10	Germany	
518	Weißspitze	28, 30, 31	Peak	-72,8333333	166,2833333	2300	1985-APR-19	Germany	
514	Wenzelberg	28, 30, 31	Mountain	-72,8166667	166,2000000	2250	1985-APR-19	Germany	
114	Westbucht	9, 30, 31	Bay	-66,7833333	89,0500000	0	1985-APR-19	Germany	
112	Westeis	9, 30, 31	Ice shelf	-66,3333333	87,5000000	10	1985-APR-19	Germany	
428	Westfalengletscher	27, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,7000000	164,1666667	300	1985-APR-19	Germany	
39	Westliche Petermannkette	25, 30, 31	Range	-71,6000000	12,2000000	2847	1985-APR-19	Germany	
28	Westliches Hochfeld	25	Glacier	-71,8333333	11,5000000	2400	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
144	Wetterinsel	12, 30, 31	Head	-66,4833333	-61,6833333		1985-APR-19	Germany	
6	Weyprechtberge	25	Nunatak	-72,0000000	13,5000000	2650	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
491	White-Landspitze	28, 30, 31	Point	-70,4000000	161,1000000	200	1985-APR-19	Germany	

700	published 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
712	Applied for name approval on 2001-SEP-11; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 2001-OCT-31; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
701	Applied for name approval on 1993-SEP-24; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1994-MAR-04; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
518	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
514	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
114	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (Hrsg)(1905-1921): Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition 1901-1903. I. Band, Geographie, Heft 1-4, Tafel XVI. - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
112	Published by Drygalski, E. v. (1904): Zum Kontinent des eisigen Südens. Deutsche Südpolarexpedition. Fahrten und Forschungen des "Gauß" 1901-1903.- G. Reimer; Berlin. - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
428	Applied for name approval on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
39	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. Factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
28	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
144	Published by Petersen, J. (1895): Die Reisen des "Jason" und der "Hertha" in das Antarktische Meer 1893/94 ..., Mitteilungen der Geographischen Gesellschaft (publications of the geographical society) Hamburg, 245-298; - Correction of initially reported partly uncertain or raw positions by comparison with various more recent CGA entries - factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
6	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
491	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.

700	Location where Christmas 1988 was spent.	Spur facing Wylde Glacier, Mountaineer Range, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1988/89 (Ganovex V).
712	Weimar, city in Thuringia, European Capital of Culture 1999.	The ice rumple is situated at the SE corner of Ekströmisen, Neuschwabenland, about 4 km W of the grounding line at Halvfarryggen and 25 km E of the grounding line at Söråsen. The max extention is 2,5 km in NE-SW direction and 1 km in NW-SE directon. A deformation zone, nearly 5 km wide, surrounds the ice rumple between its grounding line and freely floating ice shelf. Discovered and mapped by ERS-1/2 SAR Interferometry in 1998.
701	Outcrop of white marble.	Nunatak between Whymper Spur and Mummery Cliff, Pioneers Escarpment, Shackleton Range, Coats Land. Surveyed during expedition GEISHA (Geologic expedition into the Shackleton Range) 1987/88.
518	Homonymity of a white mountain peak and Dave White, Canadian helicopter pilot during Ganovex III.	A peak in the centre of Lawrence Peaks, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
514	Jim Wenzel, chief helicopter pilot during Ganovex III.	Peak in the N part of Lawrence Peaks, W of Aklestadberg and E of the cliff Endelsleiste, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
114	Western bay.	Temporary mooring place of the expedition vessel "Gauß", W of the surveyed area around the nunatak Gaußberg, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (English name Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
112	Western ice.	An ice shelf (English name West Ice Shelf), W of the surveyed area around the nunatak Gaußberg, Kaiser-Wilhelm-II.-Land (English name Wilhelm II Coast), Davis Coast. Surveyed during Deutsche Südpolar-Expedition (German South-Polar Expedition) 1901-1903 under Erich von Drygalski (1865-1949).
428	Westfalen, a region in North Rhine-Westphalia, Germany.	NW heading tributary of Lillie Glacier Tongue, the accumulation zone of which is located at the NW mountainside of Mount Kelly, NW end of Anare Mountains, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
39	August Heinrich Petermann (1822-1878), German geographer, cartographer and publisher of the geographic journal "Petermanns Geographische Mitteilungen".	The W mountain chain of Petermannketten, comprising vestre Petermannkjeda and Zwieselberg, ranging from Felsinsel in the N to the valley Aurdalen and to Grabenhorn and Skeidskneet in the S, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. The S part of Westliche Petermannkette, covering Zwieselberg and Grabenhorn, was named by a Soviet expedition 1960/61 as hrebet Vil'gel'ma Pika (translated German name as used bei GDR-scientists: Wilhelm-Pieck-Rücken) after the GDR-President Wilhelm Pieck (Norwegian name Pieckryggen). Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
28	Western upland.	Glacier (Norwegian name vestre Høgskeidet) in the S part of Alexander-von-Humboldt-Gebirge, the ridges of Vindegga in the W and Skeidsnutane in the E, flowing in SW direction before confluencing with Somoveken, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Donning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
144	Very likely an incorrect translation of the first given name "Veier Ø" to a form meaning "weather" (German noun "Wetter").	A high, snow-covered headland which marks the S-most point of Jason Peninsula on the E coast of Graham Land. Norwegian explorer Captain C.A. Larsen discovered what he charted as an island in this vicinity on 1893-DEC-09. The feature was first seen by Søren Andersen First Mate of the Jason, and was named "Veierøen" after his home, Veierland or Veierøen, in Norway. It is possible that Larsen mistook this high S part of Jason Peninsula (which agrees well with his position and is conspicuous from seaward) for a separate island. The adapted English name is "Veier Head". Discovered during expedition 1893/94 (vessels "Jason" and "Hertha") under the Norwegian Captain Carl Anton Larsen, financed by the Hamburg Company Woltereck & Robertson.
6	Carl Weyprecht (1827-1881), German geophysisist, leader of the Polar Expedition Admiral Tegetthoff 1872-74 and initiator of the 1st International Polar Year 1882/83.	Group of nunataks (Norwegian name Weyprechtfjella) around Dekefjellet, located S of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebitge and SE of søre Petermannkjeda, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
491	Dave White, Canadian helicopter pilot during Ganovex III.	A point at the confluence of Serrat Glacier (at the E side) with the tongue of Rennick Glacier, of Kavrayskiy Hills, Pomerantz Tableland, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).

502	White-out-Hügel	28, 30, 31	Hill	-73,4166667	167,1500000	600	1985-APR-19	Germany	
107	Wiedenmanngletscher	6, 30, 31	Glacier	-78,1500000	-35,5000000	800	1985-APR-19	Germany	
630	Windbach	30, 31, 32	Watercourse	-62,2166667	-58,9666667		1985-APR-19	Germany	
530	Winklergletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-70,6166667	162,9333333	1000	1985-APR-19	Germany	
81	Wittespitzen	25	Nunatak	-71,5000000	-2,0000000	850	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
2	Wohlthatmassiv	25	Massif	-71,6666667	12,5000000	2980	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
501	Wolkenkamm	28, 30, 31	Ridge	-73,3500000	167,7666667	400	1985-APR-19	Germany	
533	Wunderlichgletscher	28, 30, 31	Glacier	-72,9166667	168,0000000	1200	1985-APR-19	Germany	
736	Würfelturm	121, 122, 123	Butte	-71,8300000	8,9673333	2249	2019-JUN-14	Austria	
441	Wyborneberg	27, 30, 31	Mountain	-70,8833333	166,7000000	1300	1985-APR-19	Germany	
632	Zentralpassage	30, 31, 32	Passage	-62,2000000	-58,9666667	20	1985-APR-19	Germany	
15	Zimmermannberg	25	Mountain	-71,3500000	13,3333333	2324	1952-JUL-12	Germany	

502	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
107	Published by Przybyllok, E. (1913): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition (1911-12), Zeitschrift der Gesellschaft für Erdkunde zu Berlin (Journal of the Geographical Society Berlin), 1 - 17; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR. - Verification/correction of geographical location by Brunk, K. (1992): Zur Kartierung und geographischen Namengebung in der Antarktis, Anhang, in: Nachrichten aus dem Karten- und Vermessungswesen, Reihe I: 55-68; Frankfurt am Main.
630	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
530	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
81	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
2	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
501	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
533	Applied for name approval on 1984-JUN-13; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
736	Applied for name approval on 2019-FEB-27; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2019-MAR-06; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.
441	published on (1981-JUL-15)/1984-JAN-06; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
632	Published by Barsch & Stäblein on the map "Fildeshalbinsel" at 1:25,000 scale, Berlin 1984; factually checked and approved by Ständiger Ausschuss für geographische Namen (StAGN) (German PCGN) on 1985-MAR-05; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR.
15	Published by Ritscher, A. et al. (1939): Vorbericht (preliminary report) über die Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39. - Ann. Hydrogr. u. Marit. Meteorol. 67, August-Beiheft. Darin: Übersichtstafel von dem Arbeitsgebiet der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39: Neuschwabenland: 1:1.500.000 - 1. Ausgabe Mai/Juni 1939. - Ritscher, A. (Editor)(1942): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig. Darin: Vorläufige Übersichtskarte des Arbeitsgebietes der Deutschen Antarktischen Eypedition 1938/39. Neu-Schwabenland 1:1.500.000. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.

502	A dense blanket of clouds frequently causing white-out situations.	A hill N of the main camp of Ganovex III, Eisnebelbucht, Mountaineer Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
107	Peter Freiherr von Wiedenmann (1847-1917), Adjutant General of Prinzregent Luitpold von Bayern, promoter of the expedition.	A steep and rugged glacier draining the ice sheet of Touchdown Hills into the shear zone of Filchnerschelfeis, 16 km S of Moltkenunatakker and 40 km SSW of Bertrabnunatakker and Belgrano II Station, Prinzregent-Luitpold-Land, Coats Land, Weddell Sea; initially named "Freiherr-von-Wiedenmann-Gletscher". Discovered during Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1911/12 under Wilhelm Filchner.
630		Creek flowing from Südberge into Hydrographers Cove, at the SE coast of Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
530	Helmut G. F. Winkler (1915-1980), German petrologist, Professor at the universities of Marburg and Göttingen.	Glacier SW of the table mountain Mount Dergach, joining with Astapenko Glacier before emptying into Ob' Bay, Bowers Mountains, Oates Land, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
81	Dietrich Witte, machinist on the expedition vessel "Schwabenland" .	NW part of Ahlmannryggen at the grounding line of the ice shelf Fimbulisen, comprising the nunataks of Marsteinen, Valken, Krylen, and Knotten, Ritscherhochland, Maudheimvidda, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
2	Helmuth Wohlthat (1893-1982), director at the Prussian State Ministry, initiator and planner of the German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39.	Wohlthatmassiv is a large complex of several mountain ranges and chains, comprising (from W to E): Alexander-von-Humboldtgebirge (Norwegian name Humboldtfjella), Skeidshovden, Westliche Petermannkette (Norwegian names Sfinksen, vestre Petermannkjeda and Zwieselhøgda), søre Petermannkjeda, Mittlere Petermannkette (Norwegian name midtre Petermannkjeda), Östliche Petermannketten (Norwegian name austre Petermannkjeda), and Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge (Norwegian name Gruberfjella). Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher;
501	A frequqently cloud-covered ridge.	The ridge, facing the confluence of Boyer Glacier with Mariner Glacier, forms the accumulation zone of Nascent Glacier; Index Point at the E end; Moutainier Range, Borchgrevink Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III).
533	Hans-Georg Wunderlich (1928-1974), German geologist, Professor at the universities of Göttingen and Stuttgart.	NW-SE flowing glacier between Steyer Ridge and Clapp Ridge, Victory Mountains, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1982/83 (Ganovex III). Later named "Behr Glacier" (Map Cape Hallett 1:250,000, SS 58-60/2, USGS 1988) by another board.
736	A conspicuous, almost perfectly shaped cubic butte.	The butte is vertically towering several hundreds of metres, SW of the peak Schneeglocke and NW of the three-humped mountain Kamelbuckel, Vinten-Johansenegga, Holtedahlfjella, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Very likely a first ascent on 2019-JAN-07 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called International Queen Maud Land Expedition 2018/19.
441	Doone Wyborne, Australian geologist during Ganovex I.	Mountain E of Mount Elliot, O'Hara Glacier at its right mountainside, W of Tapsell Foreland, Yule Bay, Pennell Coast, Victoria Land. Surveyed during the German Antarctic North Victoria Land Expedition 1979/80 (Ganovex I).
632	Zentral = central.	Passage from Bellingshausen Station to the airfield, Fildes Peninsula, King George Island. Named during expeditions conducted from 1982 to 1985, organized by the Geographical Institute of the University of Heidelberg and the Geomorphological Laboratory of the Freie Universtät Berlin.
15	Carl Zimmermann, Vice-President of the German Research Foundation.	The mountain (Norwegian name Zimmermanfjellet) is uprising at the W side of the lake Untersee, opposite to the mountain Bastei, central part of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.

13	Zuckerhut	25	Mountain	-71,4166667	13,4500000	2525	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
25	Zwieselberg	25	Mountain	-71,7333333	12,1333333	2847	1952-JUL-12	Germany	
730	Zwillingsfels	115, 116, 117	Nunatak	-71,8487222	9,3423056	1821	2012-JUN-01	Austria	

13	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland. Deutsche Geodätische Kommision, Reihe E, Nr. 24; Frankfurt am Main.
25	Published by Gruber, O.v. (1942): Das Wohlthat-Massiv im Kartenbild, in: Ritscher, A. (Editor): Deutsche Antarktische Expedition 1938/39 mit dem Flugzeugstützpunkt der Lufthansa A.G. M.S. „Schwabenland“. - 1. Band, Wissenschaftliche und fliegerische Erlebnisse, Koehler & Amelang; Leipzig 1942. - Name approved by German Ministry of Foreign Affaires in Bundesanzeiger 4, Nr. 149: 1-2, 5. August 1952; Bonn. - Verification/correction of geographical location and revision of orthography by Brunk, K. (1986): Kartographische Arbeiten und deutsche Namengebung in Neuschwabenland.- Bisherige Arbeiten, Rekonstruktion der Flugwege der Deutschen Antarktischen Expedition 1938/39 und Neubearbeitung des deutschen Namengutes in Neuschwabenland.
730	Applied for name approval on (2010-FEB-03)/2010-FEB-26; factually checked and approved by StAGN (German PCGN) on 2010-APR-28; finally approved by German National Committee of SCAR/IASC.

13	Shaped like a sugarloaf	Peak (Norwegian name Sukkertoppen) standing 4 km SE of Ritschergipfel, at the S border of Otto-von-Gruber-Gebirge, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
25	Shaped like a tree fork (Zwiesel).	A large complex mountain which is highly dissected, S part (Norwegian name Zwieselhögda) of the range Westliche Petermannkette, rising at the E side of Humboldtgraben, Wohlthatmassiv, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. Discovered during German Antarctic Expedition 1938/39 ("Neuschwabenland-Expedition") under Alfred Ritscher.
730	A descriptive name of two nunataks appearing like twins.	A nunatak with two peaks, N of Kurzefjella, at the W border of the glacier Sandeken, between Holtedahlfjella and Conradgebirge, Kurzegebirge, Orvinfjella, Fimbulheimen, Neuschwabenland, Dronning Maud Land. The nunatak visited and climbed on 2009-NOV-24 during a privately organized expedition, motivated by mountain climbing, nature studies and journalistic interests, called 1st Austrian Queen Maud Land Expedition 2009.